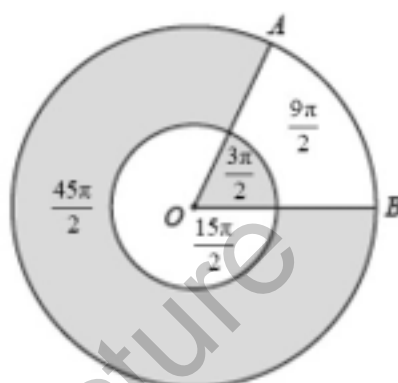


1(a)	$2\pi \times 10^2 + 2\pi \times 8^2 + \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 8^2$	M2	M1 for $2\pi \times 10^2$ seen or $2\pi \times 8^2$ seen or $\pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 8^2$ seen
	Completion to 364π with at least one intermediate step isw AG	A1	A0 if any errors or if π evaluated as $3.14[2\dots]$ or $\frac{22}{7}$ before getting to 364π
2	12 nfw	2	M1 for 8×9
3(a)(i)	84	2	M1 for correct area of a relevant triangle or trapezium
3(a)(ii)	50 nfw	3	M2 for $\sqrt{(12-4)^2 + (15-9)^2}$ soi OR M1 for $\sqrt{8^2 + k^2}$ oe or $\sqrt{k^2 + 6^2}$ oe M1 for $12 + 15 + 4 + 9 + \text{theirh}$ where <i>theirh</i> is from use of Pythagoras
3(b)	8.49 to 8.5[0...]	3	M2 for $r^3 = \frac{2572 \times 3}{4 \times \pi}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = 2572$
3(c)(i)	384	3	M2 for $(2 \times 6 + 2 \times 22.5 + 6 \times 22.5) [\times 2]$ oe or M1 for two different face areas seen
3c(ii)	$x^2 = \frac{\text{their}384}{6}$ OR $6x^2 = \text{their} \text{ (c)(i)} \rightarrow x^2 = \text{their}64$ OR $6x^2 = \text{their} \text{ (c)(i)} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{\text{their}384}{6}}$	M2	M1 for $6x^2 = \text{their} \text{ (c)(i)}$ oe
	8 cao	B1	
4	8.15	2	B1 for answer figs 815 or for 0.85 seen or 900 seen
5	7π final answer	2	M1 for $\frac{360-80}{360} \times \pi \times 3^2$ oe If 0 scored, SC1 for answer 2π
6(a)	$\frac{3 \times 110}{\pi \times 3.5^2}$ oe	M2	M1 for $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 3.5^2 \times h = 110$ oe
	= 8.573 to 8.574...	A1	
6(b)	9.26 or 9.256 to 9.262	2	M1 for $3.5^2 + 8.57^2$

6(c)	135.7 to 136.1... nfw	4	<p>M3 for $\frac{360 \times \pi \times 7}{2 \times \pi \times \text{their } 9.26}$ oe</p> <p>or M2 for $\frac{x}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times \text{their } 9.26 = \pi \times 7$ oe</p> <p>or M1 for $\frac{x}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times \text{their } 9.26$ seen or $\pi \times 7$ oe seen</p> <hr/> <p>Alternative method:</p> <p>M3 for $\frac{360 \times \pi \times 3.5 \times \text{their } 9.26}{\pi \times (\text{their } 9.26)^2}$ oe</p> <p>or M2 for $\frac{x}{360} \times \pi \times (\text{their } 9.26)^2 = \pi \times 3.5 \times \text{their } 9.26$ oe</p> <p>or M1 for $\frac{x}{360} \times \pi \times (\text{their } 9.26)^2$ seen or $\pi \times 3.5 \times \text{their } 9.26$ seen</p>
6(d)	8.01...	2	<p>M1 for $\sqrt[3]{\frac{165}{110}}$ oe or $\sqrt[3]{\frac{110}{165}}$ oe or</p> <p>$\left(\frac{7}{x}\right)^3 = \frac{110}{165}$ oe</p>
7(a)	[W =] $x + 5$ [L =] $2(x + 5)$ oe final answers	2	<p>B1 for [W =] $x + 5$ or B1FT for [L =] $2 \times \text{their algebraic W}$</p>
7(b)	$(x + 5) \times 2(x + 5) + 2(x \times (x + 5))$ $+ 2(x \times 2(x + 5))$ oe	M2	<p>FT <i>their</i> algebraic expressions in x for length and width</p> <p>B1FT for two different areas seen e.g. two of $(x + 5) \times 2(x + 5)$, $x(x + 5)$, $x \times 2(x + 5)$ or $2((x + 5) \times 2(x + 5) + x(x + 5) + x \times 2(x + 5))$</p>
	$2x^2 + 20x + 50 + 2x^2 + 10x + 4x^2 + 20x = 210$	M1	Set equal to 210 and expansion of brackets. Must have three different areas from width and length of form $ax + b$, a and $b \neq 0$
	Correct simplification to $4x^2 + 25x - 80 = 0$	A1	
8(a)	$6\pi l + \pi \times 6^2$ OR $84\pi - \pi \times 6^2$	M1	
	$6\pi l + \pi \times 6^2 = 84\pi$ leading to $l = 8$ OR $6\pi l = 84\pi - \pi \times 6^2$ leading to $l = 8$	A1	A0 if any errors or omissions
8(b)	199 or 200 or 199.4 to 199.5...	3	<p>M2 for $\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 6^2 \times \sqrt{8^2 - 6^2}$</p> <p>or M1 for $8^2 - 6^2$ or $\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 6^2 \times \text{their } h$</p>
8(c)	4.5 nfw	2	<p>B1 for $\sqrt{\frac{47.25\pi}{84\pi}}$ soi or $\sqrt{\frac{84\pi}{47.25\pi}}$ soi</p> <p>or M1 for a correct equation in r</p>

9(a)(i)	$\pi \times \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 \times 16 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$	M2	M1 for $\pi \times \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 \times 16$ oe or $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$ oe
	$r^3 = \frac{3}{2} \times \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 \times 16$ or $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2} \times \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 \times 16}$	M1	
	$r = 7.862\dots$	A1	
9(a)(ii)	1030 or 1040 or 1034.6 to 1035.1...	3	M1 for $\pi \times 9 \times 16$ oe M1 for $2 \times \pi \times 7.86^2$ oe or $3 \times \pi \times 7.86^2$ oe
10(a)	376.99 to 377.04	2	M1 for $\pi \times 10^2 \times \text{figs}12$
10(b)	767 or 766.5 to 766.6...	3	M2 for $\pi \times 10^2 + \pi \times 2 \times 10 \times (3 + 3 + \text{figs } 12)$ or M1 for $\pi \times 10^2$ or $\pi \times 2 \times 10 \times (3 + 3 + \text{figs } 12)$
10(c)	28.79 to 28.80...	3	M2 for $200 = \frac{x}{360} \times \pi \times 10.3^2 \times 7.5$ or M1 for $\frac{x}{360} \times k\pi$ used
11(a)	9300 or 9299 to 9301	3	M2 for $\frac{1}{3} \pi \times 16^2 \times 60 - \frac{1}{3} \pi \times 12^2 \times 45$ oe or M1 for $\frac{1}{3} \pi \times 16^2 \times 60$ or $\frac{1}{3} \pi \times 12^2 \times 45$
11(b)	$d^2 =]12^2 + 45^2$	M1	
	$[c =]46.57\dots$	A1	
11(c)	1820 or 1816 to 1819.[0...]	4	B2 for $l = 62.09$ to 62.13 or M1 for $\sqrt{60^2 + 16^2}$ oe and M1 for $\pi \times 16 \times \text{their } 62.1 - \pi \times 12 \times 46.6 [+ \pi \times 12^2]$ If 0 scored, SC1 for $\pi \times 12^2$
12	1.6 oe	3	M2 for $5 \times 4 \times h = 400 \times 0.08$ oe or M1 for 400×0.08 or for $\frac{0.08}{5 \times 4}$
13	12	3	B2 for $y = 6$ or M1 for $2 \times y^2 + 4 \times y \times 2y [= 360]$ oe If 0 scored, SC1 for $ky^2 = 360$ seen, leading to $\sqrt{\frac{360}{k}}$

14	24	4	<p>M1 for $\frac{60}{360} \times \pi \times 3^2$ oe</p> <p>AND</p> <p>M2 for $\frac{300}{360} \times \pi \times (6^2 - 3^2)$ oe</p> <p>or $\pi \times 6^2 - \pi \times 3^2 - \frac{60}{360} \times \pi \times (6^2 - 3^2)$ oe</p> <p>or M1 for $\frac{300}{360} \times \pi \times 6^2$ oe or $\frac{300}{360} \times \pi \times 3^2$ oe</p> <p>or $\pi \times 6^2$ oe or $\pi \times 3^2$ oe</p> 
15(a)	13.8 or 13.78 to 13.79	2	<p>M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6 \times \sin 130$ oe</p> <p>After 0, SC1 for answer 55.2 or 55.15 to 55.16</p>
15(b)	15.7 or 15.70 to 15.71	2	<p>M1 for $\frac{180-130}{360} \times \pi \times 6^2$ oe</p> <p>After 0, SC1 for answer 62.8 or 62.83 to 62.84</p>
16(a)(i)	25.7 or 25.72 to 25.73	2	M1 for $\frac{134}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 11$ oe
16(a)(ii)	4.3[0] or 4.298...	2	M1 for $\cos\left(\frac{134}{2}\right) = \frac{d}{11}$ or $\sin\left(\frac{180-134}{2}\right) = \frac{d}{11}$ oe
16(b)(i)	$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 \times 9.5 = 115$ or $r^2 = \frac{3V}{\pi h}$ or better	M1	Correct substitution into volume equation or correct rearrangement
	$r = 3.39[9\dots]$ or $3.40[00]$	A1	
16-(b)(ii)	108 or 107.7 to 107.8	3	M2 for $\pi \times 3.4 \times \sqrt{9.5^2 + 3.4^2}$ or M1 for $l^2 = 9.5^2 + 3.4^2$ soi

17(a)	7.54	2	M1 for $\pi \times 0.4^2 \times 15$
17(b)	53.7	4	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.5^2 \times \sin 110$ oe M1 for $\frac{250}{360} \times \pi \times 4.5^2$ or $\frac{110}{360} \times \pi \times 4.5^2$ M1 for <i>their</i> 9.514 + <i>their</i> 44.18 oe
18(a)	236	2	M1 for $2 \times 5 \times 11 + 2 \times 5 \times 6 + 11 \times 6$ oe or C1 for 302
18(b)	30	1	
19(a)	32.56 to 32.58 or 32.6	3	M2 for $\frac{72}{360} \times \pi \times 20 + 20$ oe or M1 for $\frac{72}{360} \times \pi \times 20$ A1 for 12.56 to 12.58 or 12.6 After 0 or 1, SC1 for <i>their</i> 'arc length' + 10 + 10 soi
19(b)(i)	62.83 to 62.84 or 62.8	2	M1 for $\frac{72}{360} \times \pi \times 10^2$
19(b)(ii)	4(.00) to 4.08 nfw	3	FT from <i>their</i> (b)(i) – (58.76 to 58.8) provided answer not negative M2 for <i>their</i> (b)(i) – $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 \times \sin\left(\frac{72}{2}\right)$ oe or M1 for $[2 \times] \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 \times \sin\left(\frac{72}{2}\right)$ oe soi
20	600 WWW	3*	M2 for $\frac{\pi \times 20^2 \times 16}{\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 2^3}$ or B1 for (Volume of water =) $\pi \times 20^2 \times 16$ or for (Volume of one drop =) $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 2^3$ soi
21 (a)	14	2*	M1 for $25 - 1 \times 1 - 2 \times 2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3$ oe dissection.
(b)	18 nfw	2*	B1 for sloping side = 5

22	(a) (i)	5.06 to 5.08	4	B1 for $r + 3.5$ seen B1 for $\pi(r + 3.5)^2 - \pi r^2$ or $20\pi(r + 3.5)^2 - 20\pi r^2$ B1 for $20\pi(r + 3.5)^2 - 20\pi r^2 = 3000$ or better
	(ii)	Solid II by 2.5 – 2.6	4	B3 11.25 to 11.3 cm or M1 for $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi r^2 \times 2r = 3000$ or better and M1 for $r^3 = \frac{3000 \times 3}{2 \times \pi}$ (= 1432)
	(b)	630 to 632	4	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 8 \times \sin 60$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times \sqrt{48}$ oe M1 for 8×24 soi or 192 soi M1 for $3 \times 8 \times 24 + 2 \times$ <i>their</i> (triangle area)

23	(a)	320	3*	M2 for $\frac{a}{360} \times \pi \times (3r)^2 = 8\pi r^2$ oe OR M1 for $\frac{a}{360} \times \pi \times (3r)^2$ oe seen or for $8\pi r^2$ seen
	(b)	$6r + \frac{16\pi r}{3}$ final answer	2*	C1 for $kr + \frac{16\pi r}{3}$, where $k \geq 0$ OR M1 FT for $\frac{\text{their}320}{360} \times 2\pi \times 3r$ oe or for $6r + \frac{\text{their}320}{360} \times n\pi r$ oe where n is a positive integer

24	(a) (i)	2.62	2	M1 for $\frac{25}{360} \times 2\pi \times 6$
	(ii)	7.85	2	M1 for $\frac{25}{360} \times \pi \times 6^2$
	(b) (i)	39.3	1ft	
	(ii)	88.8	3ft	B1 for 30 or 60 or M1 for $5 \times$ (a)(i) and indep M1 for $2 \times$ (a)(ii)
	(iii)	471 to 472	2ft	B1 for height = 15 and radius = 12 soi
	(c) (i)	$(h =) \frac{800}{\pi r^2}$	1	

	(ii)	h is divided by 4 oe	1	http://youtube.com/MegaLecture Megalecture@gmail.com
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25	(a) (i)	2.12	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3 = 20$ soi or SC1 for 1.68
	(ii)	6.79	2	B1 for $\sqrt[3]{\frac{50}{20}}$ or $\sqrt[3]{\frac{20}{50}}$ oe or M1 for $\left(\frac{5}{x}\right)^3 = \frac{20}{50}$ oe
	(b)	187	3	M1 for $\pi(\text{figs } 15)^2$ oe and M1 for $\left[\frac{1}{2} \times\right] 4 \times \pi \times (\text{figs } 55)^2 - 50 \times$ their πr^2
26	(a)	63.7 or 63.6(m)	2	M1 for $\pi \times \frac{d}{2} = 100$
	(b)	9540 to 9560	3ft	M1 for πr^2 soi and M1 for <i>their</i> circular area + $100 \times$ <i>their</i> (a)
	(c) (i)	18.7 to 19.0(m)	3ft	M1 for $2\pi R$ And M1 for <i>their</i> $2\pi R - 200$ or $\pi R - 100$
	(ii)	30.8 to 31.1	2ft	M1 for $\frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r$ oe
27	(a)	10	1	
	(b)	216	2	M1 for $\pi \times 6 \times 10 = \frac{x}{360} \times \pi r^2$ or $2 \times \pi \times 6 = \frac{x}{360} \times 2\pi r$ where $r = 10$ or <i>their</i> (a). Where radians are used, method must include multiplication by $\frac{180}{\pi}$.
28	(a)	720	1	
	(b)	20	2	M1 for $(\pi \times 62 \times d)$ (oe) = $k\pi$ where $k = 720$ or <i>their</i> (a)

29	(a) (i) 874	3	M2 for $(2) \pi r^2 + 2\pi r \times 8$ or M1 for either $(2) \pi r^2$ or $2\pi rh$
	(ii) 3070	2ft	M1 for Figs [(<i>their</i> $874 + 150$) $\times 3$] or B1 for $\div 10^4$
	(b) (i) 77 (.0)	1	
	(ii) 500	3ft	M2 for $\pi R^2 - 4\pi r^2 + 4(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i})$ or M1 for $\pi R^2 - 4\pi r^2$ or $4(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i})$
	(iii) 2410	3	M2 for $\pi R^2 \times 8 - 4 \times \frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$ or M1 for $\pi R^2 \times 8$ or $4 \times \frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$

Mega Lecture