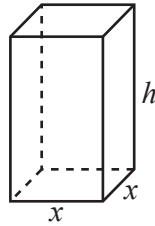


Name:

Section:

# Graphs of Functions Worksheet

1



A cuboid has height  $h$  cm and a square base of edge  $x$  cm.  
The volume of the cuboid is  $60 \text{ cm}^3$ .

(a) Show that the surface area,  $A \text{ cm}^2$ , of the cuboid is given by  $A = 2x^2 + \frac{240}{x}$ .

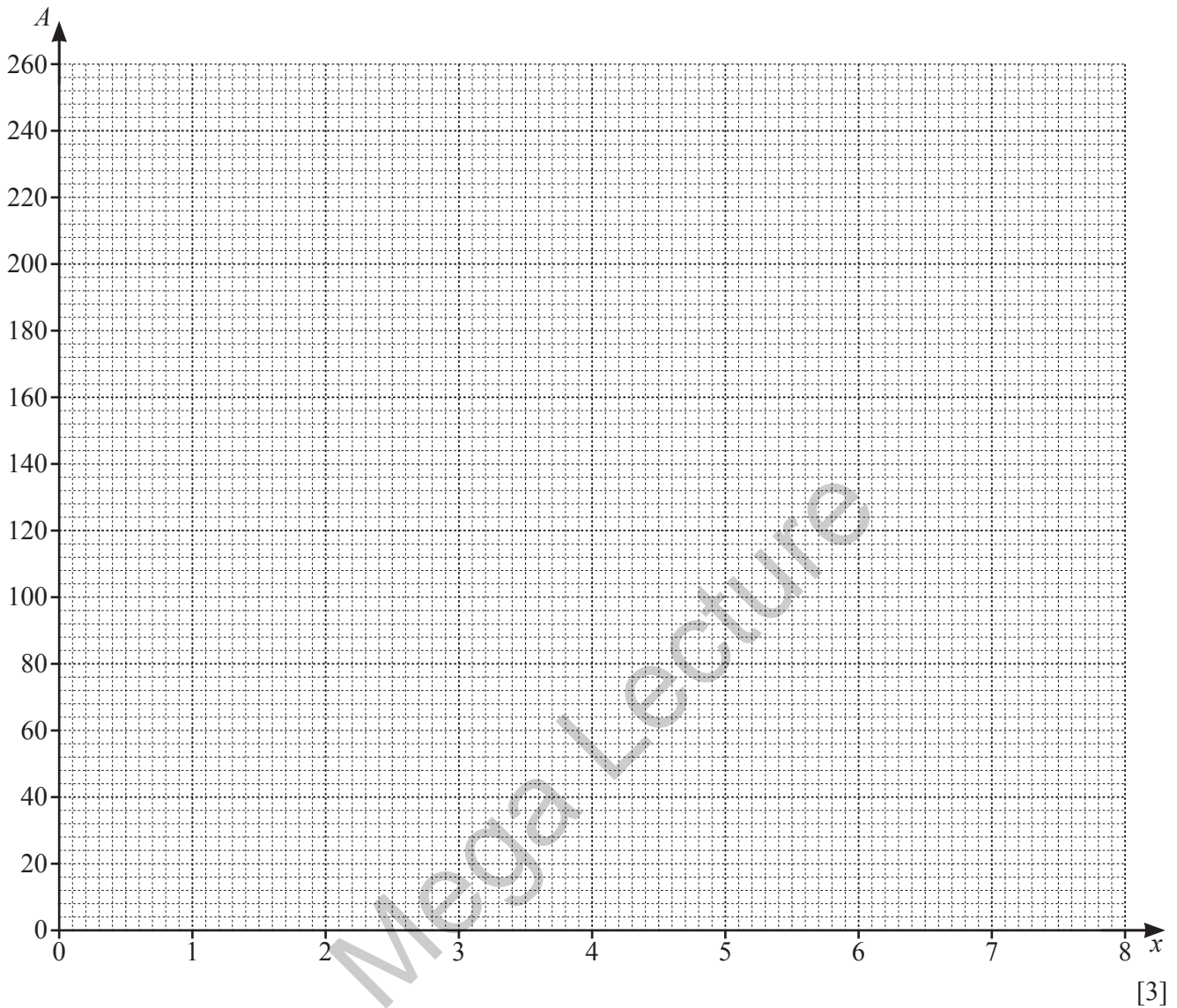
[2]

(b) Complete the table for  $A = 2x^2 + \frac{240}{x}$ .

$x$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$A$	242	128	98	92			132	158

[2]

(c) On the grid, draw the graph of  $A = 2x^2 + \frac{240}{x}$  for  $1 \leq x \leq 8$ .



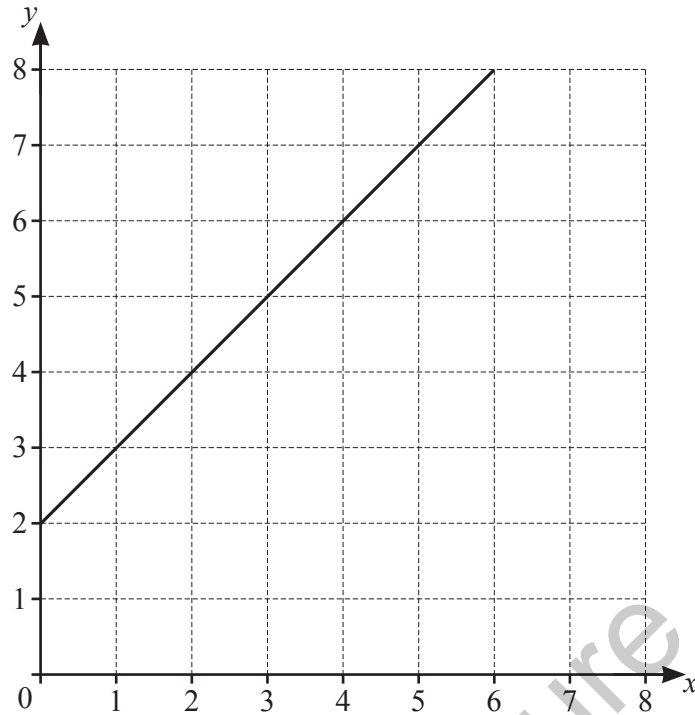
(d) Find the minimum possible surface area of the cuboid.

..... cm<sup>2</sup> [1]

(e) The cuboid has a surface area of 120 cm<sup>2</sup>.  
The height of the cuboid is greater than the length of the edge of its base.

Find the dimensions of the cuboid.

..... cm by ..... cm by ..... cm [3]



The line  $y = x + 2$  is drawn on the grid.

(a) On the grid, draw the line  $x + 2y = 7$ .

[2]

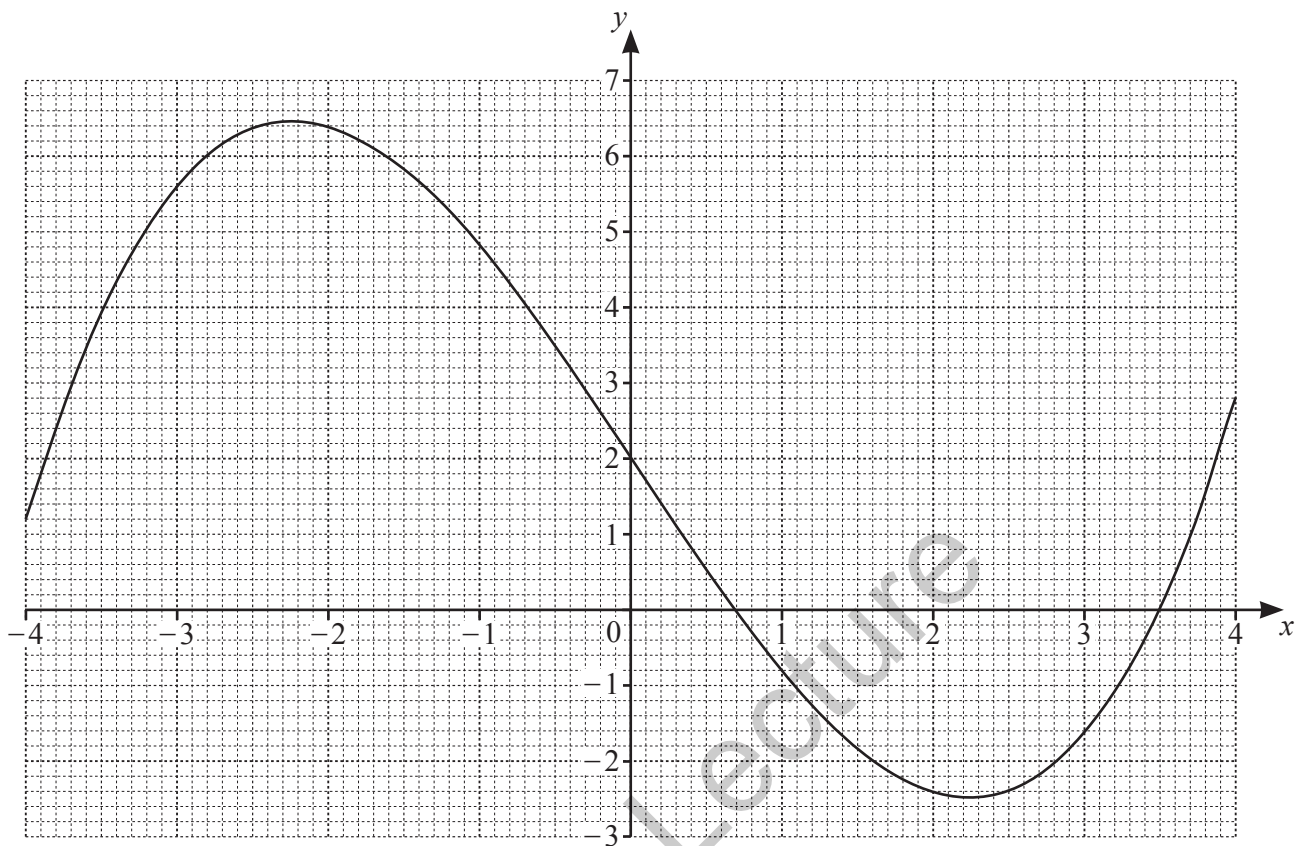
(b) Use your graph to find the solution of these simultaneous equations.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x + 2 \\ x + 2y &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$x =$  .....

$y =$  ..... [1]

3 The graph of  $y = \frac{x^3}{5} - 3x + 2$  is drawn on the grid.



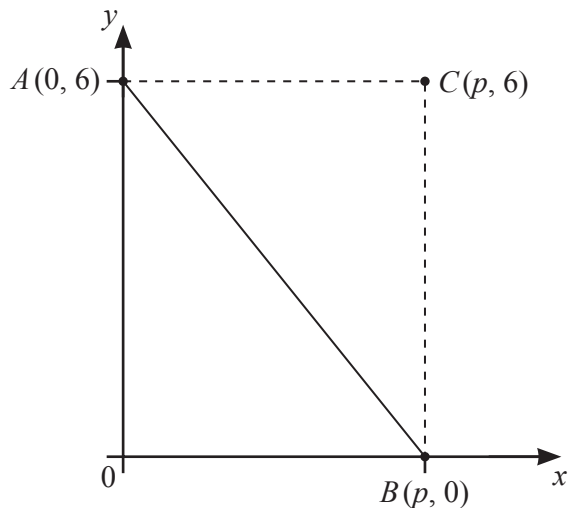
(a) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at  $x = -1$ .

..... [2]

(b) By drawing a suitable straight line on the graph, find the solutions of the equation  $\frac{x^3}{5} - 3x = 0$ .

..... [3]

4



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The diagram shows the points  $A(0, 6)$ ,  $B(p, 0)$  and  $C(p, 6)$ .  
The equation of the line  $AB$  is  $3y + 4x = 18$ .

(a) Find the value of  $p$ .

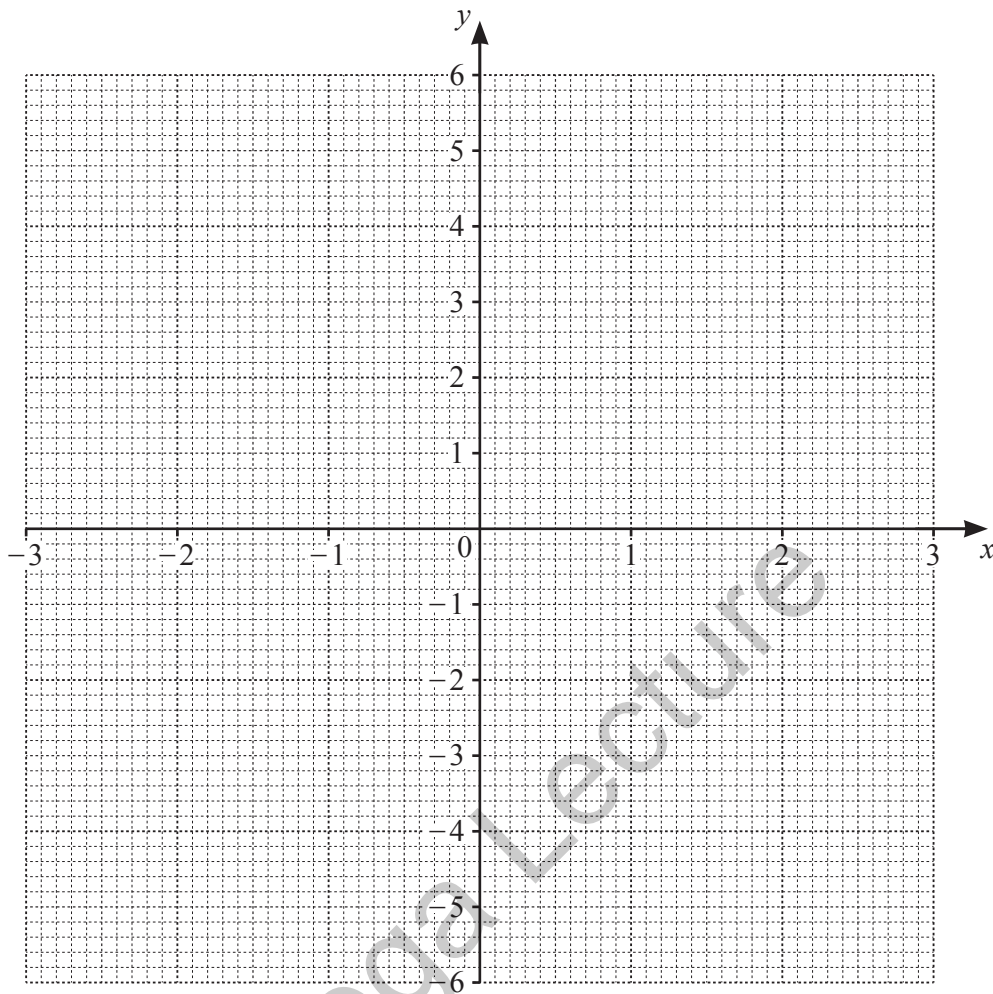
$p = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]

5 (a) Complete the table for  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 3x - 1$ .

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$		1	1.5	-1	-3.5	-3	3.5

[1]

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 3x - 1$  for  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ .



(c) Use your graph to explain why  $x^3 - 6x - 2 = 6$  has only one solution.

[3]

..... [2]

(d) Line  $L$  passes through the points  $(1, 1)$  and  $(-2, -1)$ .

(i) On the grid, draw line  $L$ .

[1]

(ii) Work out the gradient of line  $L$ .

..... [2]

(iii) Find the  $x$ -coordinates of the points where line  $L$  intersects the curve  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 3x - 1$ .

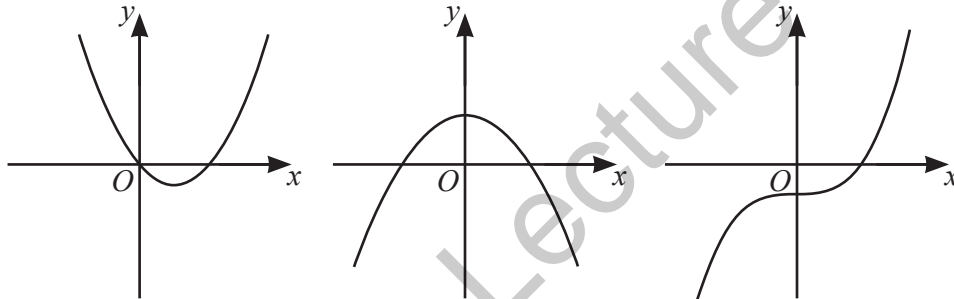
$x = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $x = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

6 Here are the equations of five curves.

$y = 2 - x^2$        $y = x^3 - 2$        $y = x^2 + 2x - 8$        $y = x^3 - 3x$        $y = x^2 - 3x$

Sketches of three of these curves are drawn below.

Write the correct equation underneath each sketch.



.....

[3]

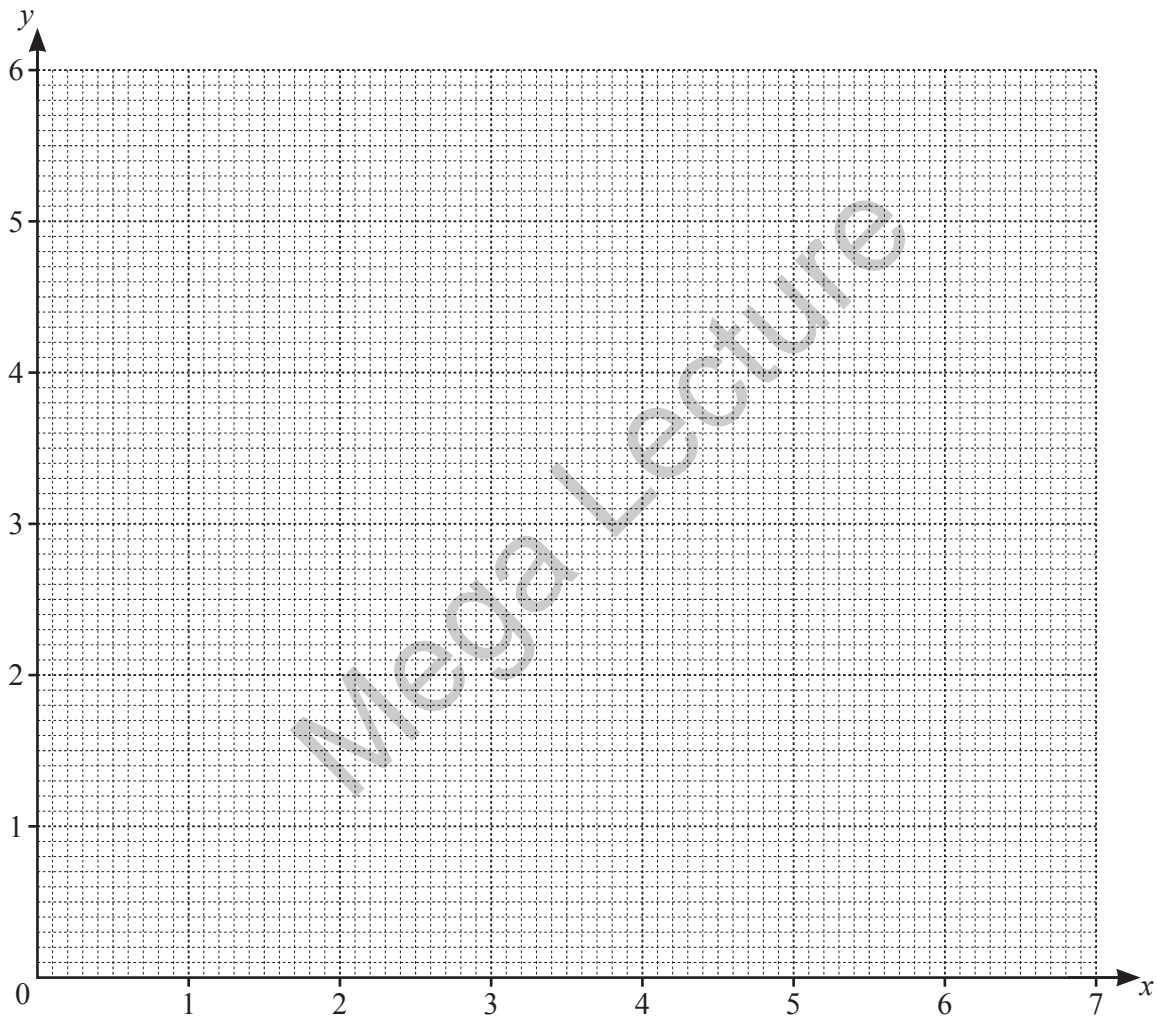
7 (a) Complete the table for  $y = \frac{x}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$ .

The values of  $y$  are given correct to 2 decimal places where appropriate.

$x$	0.5	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7
$y$	4.13	2.25	1.71	1.5	1.42	1.5	1.65	1.83	

[1]

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$  for  $0.5 \leq x \leq 7$ .



[3]



(c) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of  $y = \frac{x}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$  when  $x = 1$ .

..... [2]

(d) (i) On the grid, draw the graph of  $2y + x = 6$ .

[2]

(ii) Write down the  $x$ -coordinates of the points of intersection of the graphs of  $2y + x = 6$  and  $y = \frac{x}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  and  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(iii) These  $x$ -coordinates are the solutions of the equation  $3x^2 + Ax + B = 0$ .

Use  $2y + x = 6$  and  $y = \frac{x}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$  to find the value of  $A$  and the value of  $B$ .

$A = \dots\dots\dots$

$B = \dots\dots\dots$  [3]

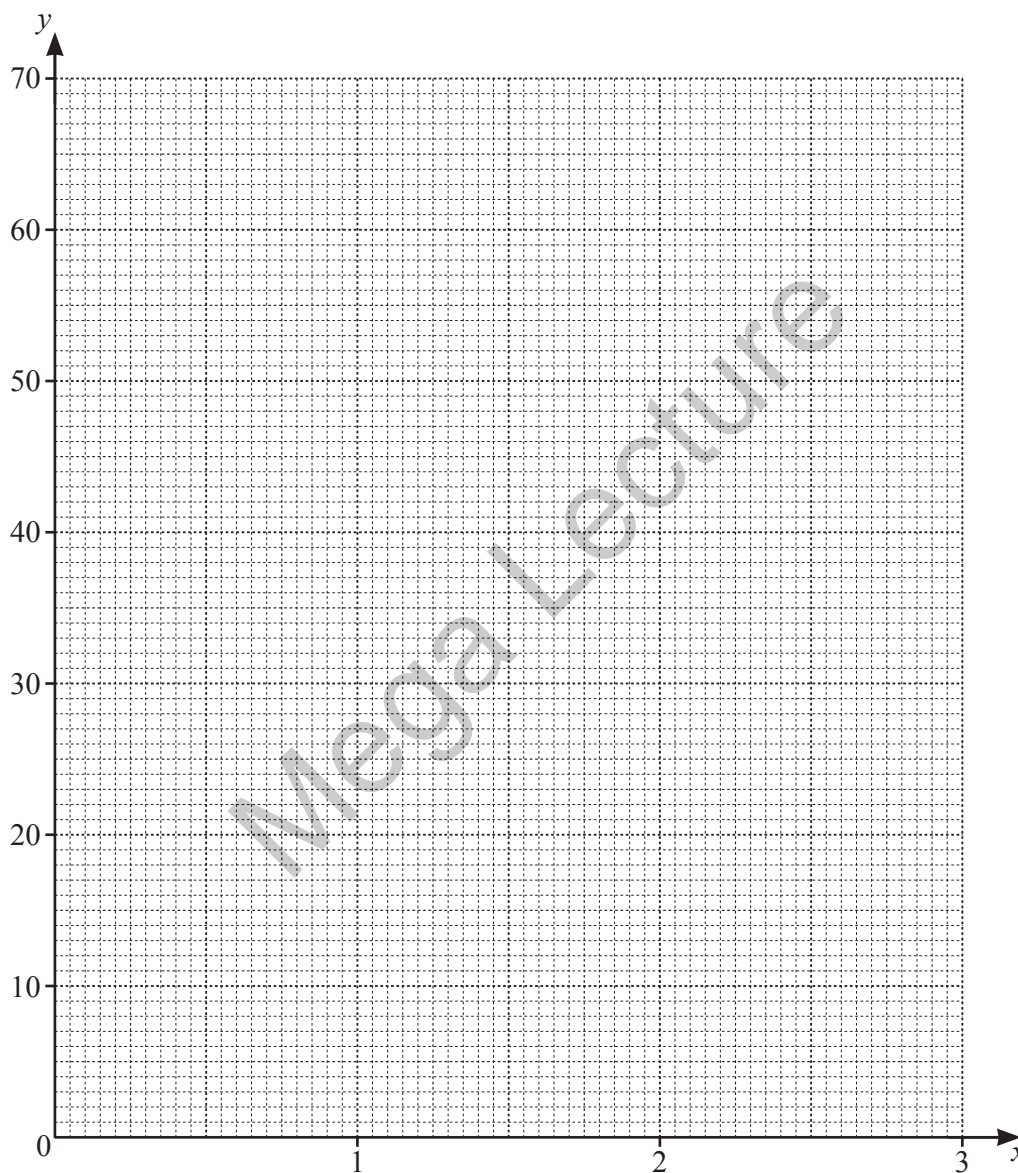
8 (a) The table shows some values for  $y = 4^x$ .

$x$	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
$y$			4	8	16	32	64

(i) Complete the table.

[1]

(ii) Draw the graph of  $y = 4^x$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 3$ .



[3]

(iii) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve when  $x = 2$ .

..... [2]

(iv) The solutions of the equation  $3(4^x) + ax + b = 0$  can be found from the points of intersection of  $y = 4^x$  and  $y = 20x - 12$ .

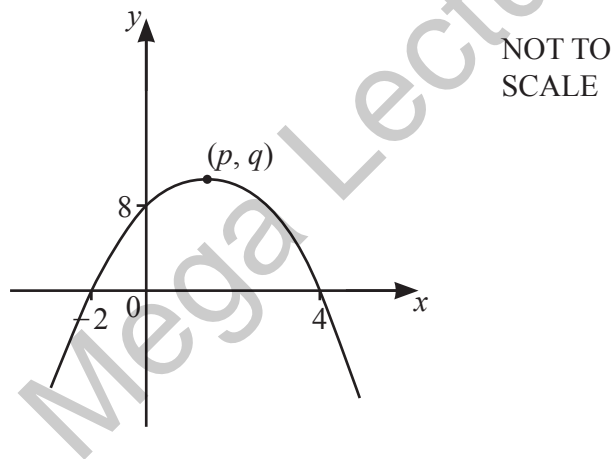
(a) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

$$a = \dots\dots\dots b = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

(b) By drawing the line  $y = 20x - 12$  on the grid opposite, find all the solutions of  $3(4^x) + ax + b = 0$ .

..... [3]

(b) Here is a sketch of the graph of a quadratic function.



The curve has a maximum point  $(p, q)$ .

Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ .

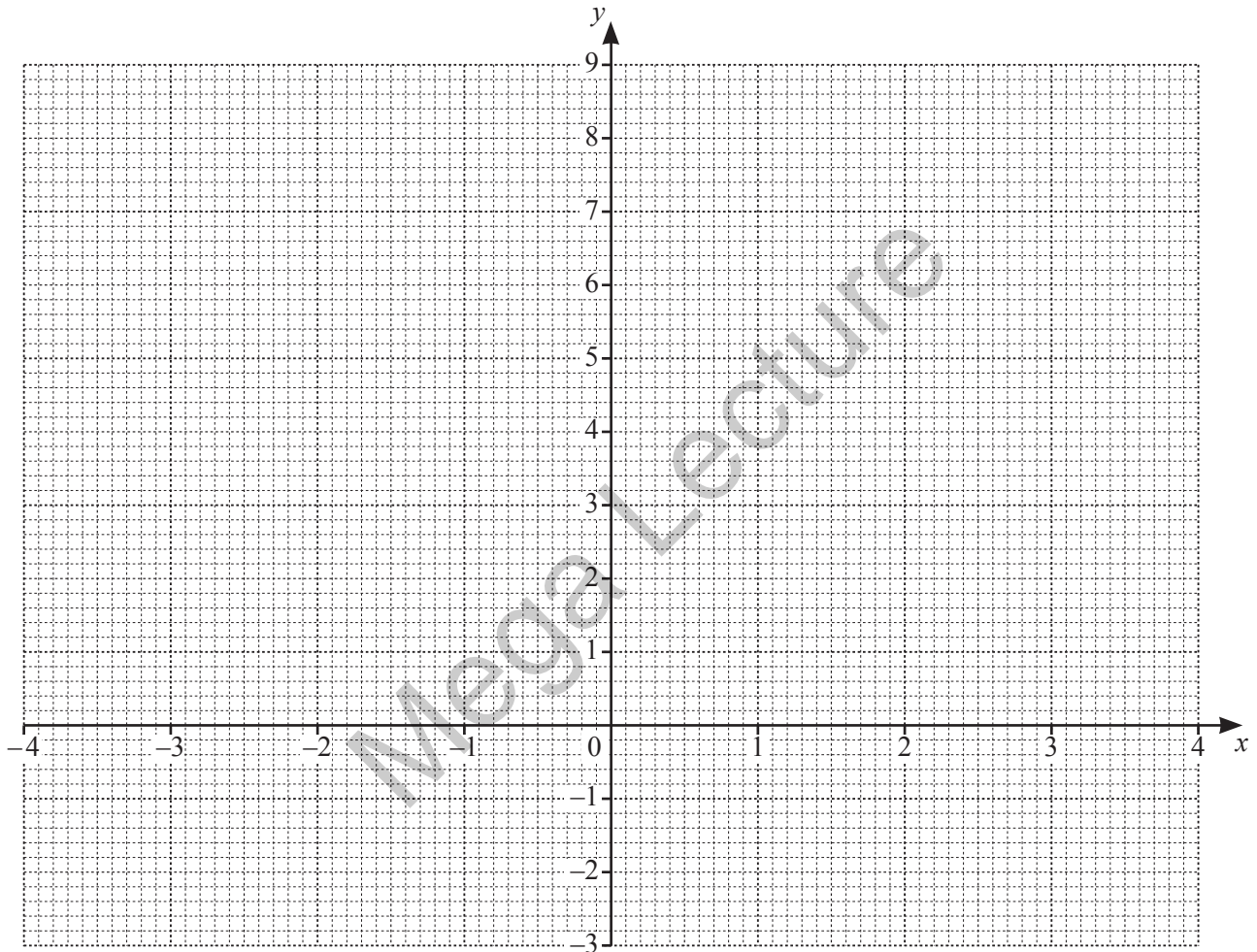
$$p = \dots\dots\dots q = \dots\dots\dots [3]$$

9 (a) Complete the table for  $y = 3 + 2x - \frac{x^3}{5}$ .

$x$	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$	7.8	2.4	0.6	1.2	3	4.8	5.4	3.6	

[1]

(b) Draw the graph of  $y = 3 + 2x - \frac{x^3}{5}$  for  $-4 \leq x \leq 4$ .



[3]

(c) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the graph of  $y = 3 + 2x - \frac{x^3}{5}$  at (1, 4.8).

..... [2]

(d) (i) On the grid, draw the line  $2y + x = 8$ .

[2]

(ii) Write down the  $x$ -coordinates of the points where the line intersects the graph of  $y = 3 + 2x - \frac{x^3}{5}$ .

..... [2]

(iii) These  $x$ -coordinates are the solutions of the equation  $2x^3 + Ax + B = 0$ .

Find the value of  $A$  and the value of  $B$ .

Mega Lecture

$A =$  .....

$B =$  ..... [3]

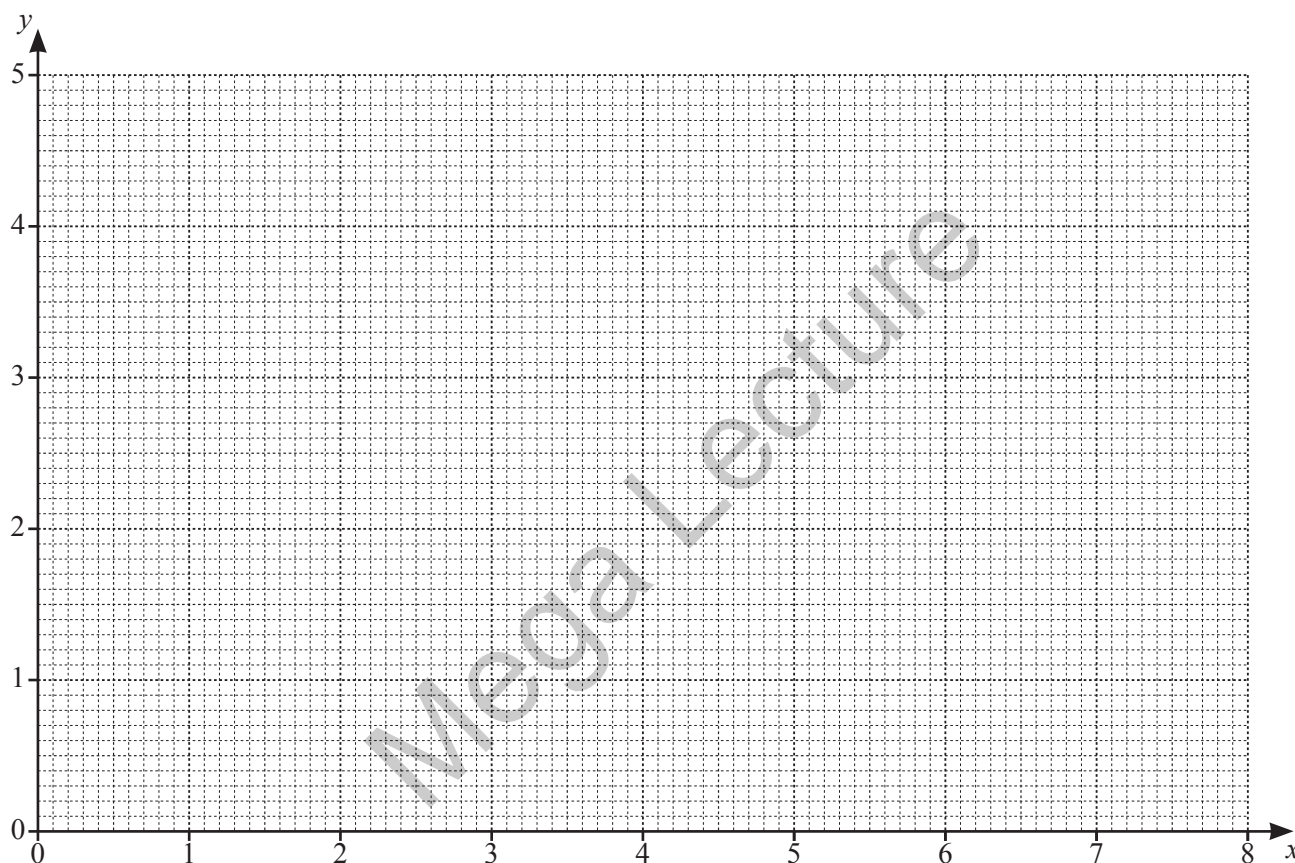
10 The table shows some values for  $y = 1 + \frac{2}{x}$ , given correct to 2 decimal places where appropriate.

$x$	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$y$	5	3	2	1.67	1.5	1.4	1.33	1.29	

(a) Complete the table.

[1]

(b) Draw the graph of  $y = 1 + \frac{2}{x}$  for  $0.5 \leq x \leq 8$ .



(c) The line  $L$  crosses the graph of  $y = 1 + \frac{2}{x}$  at  $x = 2$  and  $x = 5$ .

[2]

Find the equation of  $L$ .

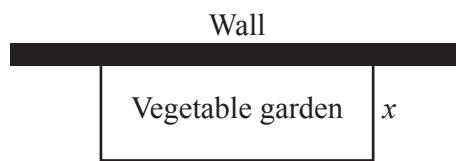
..... [3]

(d) A line with gradient  $-\frac{1}{3}$  crosses the graph of  $y = 1 + \frac{2}{x}$  when  $x = 1$  and when  $x = k$ .

By drawing a suitable line on your grid, find  $k$ .

$k = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

11 Zara fences off a piece of land next to a wall to make a vegetable garden.



The garden is a rectangle with the wall as one side of the rectangle.  
 The area of the garden is 18 square metres.  
 The width of the garden is  $x$  metres.

(a) The total length of fencing required for the garden is  $y$  metres.

Show that  $y = 2x + \frac{18}{x}$ .

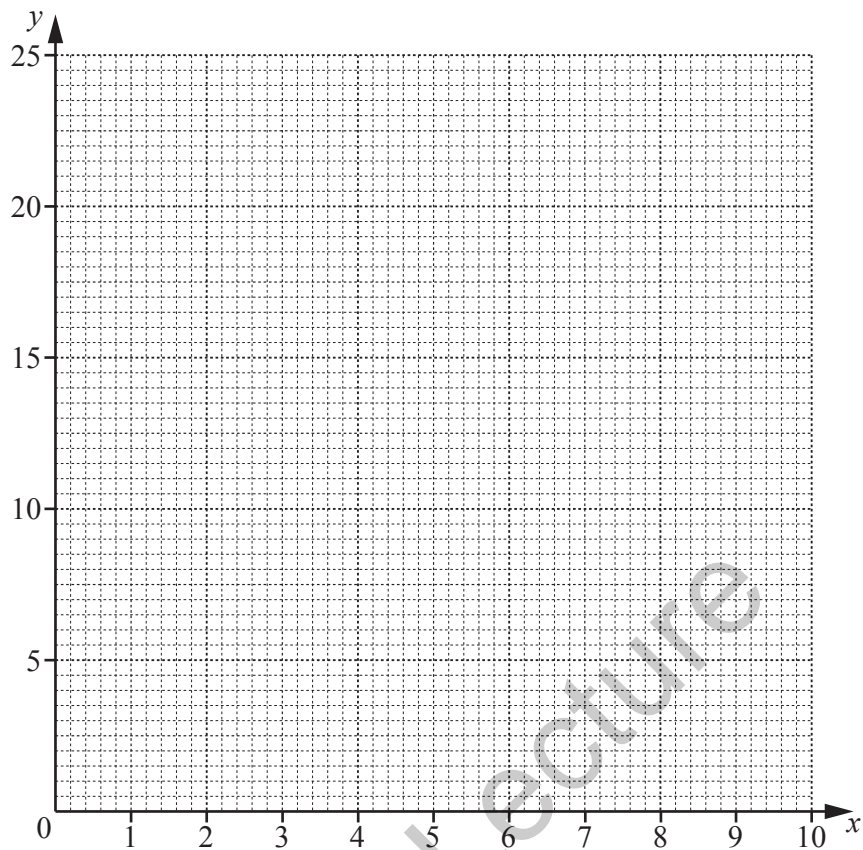
[1]

(b) (i) Complete the table for  $y = 2x + \frac{18}{x}$ .

$x$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
$y$			12	12.5	13.6	15	16.6	18.3	

[2]

- (ii) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = 2x + \frac{18}{x}$  for  $1 \leq x \leq 9$ .



[3]

- (c) Use your graph to find the two possible widths of the garden if 14 metres of fencing is used.

Answer ..... m or ..... m [2]

- (d) The fencing costs \$20 per metre.

- (i) Find the minimum amount it will cost Zara to build the fence.

\$ ..... [2]

- (ii) Zara wants to spend no more than \$350 on the fence.

Find the greatest possible width of the garden Zara can make.

Answer ..... m [2]

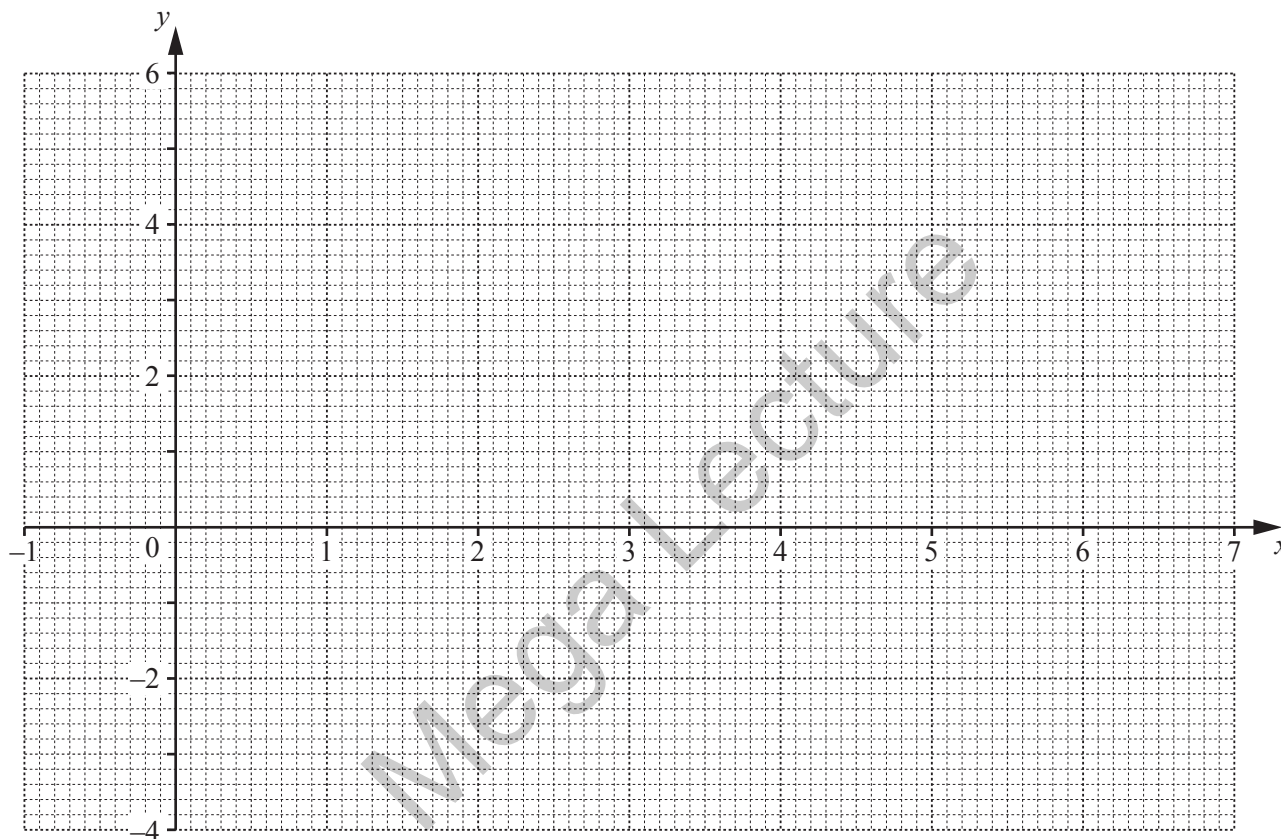


12 (a) Complete the table for  $y = \frac{x^2}{2} - 3x + 2$ .

$x$	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$y$		2	-0.5	-2	-2.5	-2	-0.5	2	

[1]

(b) Draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x^2}{2} - 3x + 2$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 7$ .



[3]

(c) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at  $x = 1.5$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(d) Complete these inequalities to describe the range of values of  $x$  where  $y \geq 0$ .

Answer  $x \leq$  .....

$x \geq$  ..... [2]

(e) (i) On the same grid, draw the line  $4y + 3x = 12$ . [2]

(ii) The  $x$ -coordinates of the points of intersection of this line and the curve are the solutions of the equation  $2x^2 + Ax + B = 0$ .

Find the value of  $A$  and the value of  $B$ .

Solution on YouTube at "Maths with Zaeem"

Answer  $A =$  .....

$B =$  ..... [2]

13 (a) The variables  $x$  and  $y$  are connected by the equation  $y = 3 + x - \frac{x^2}{2}$ .

Some corresponding values of  $x$  and  $y$  are given in the table below.

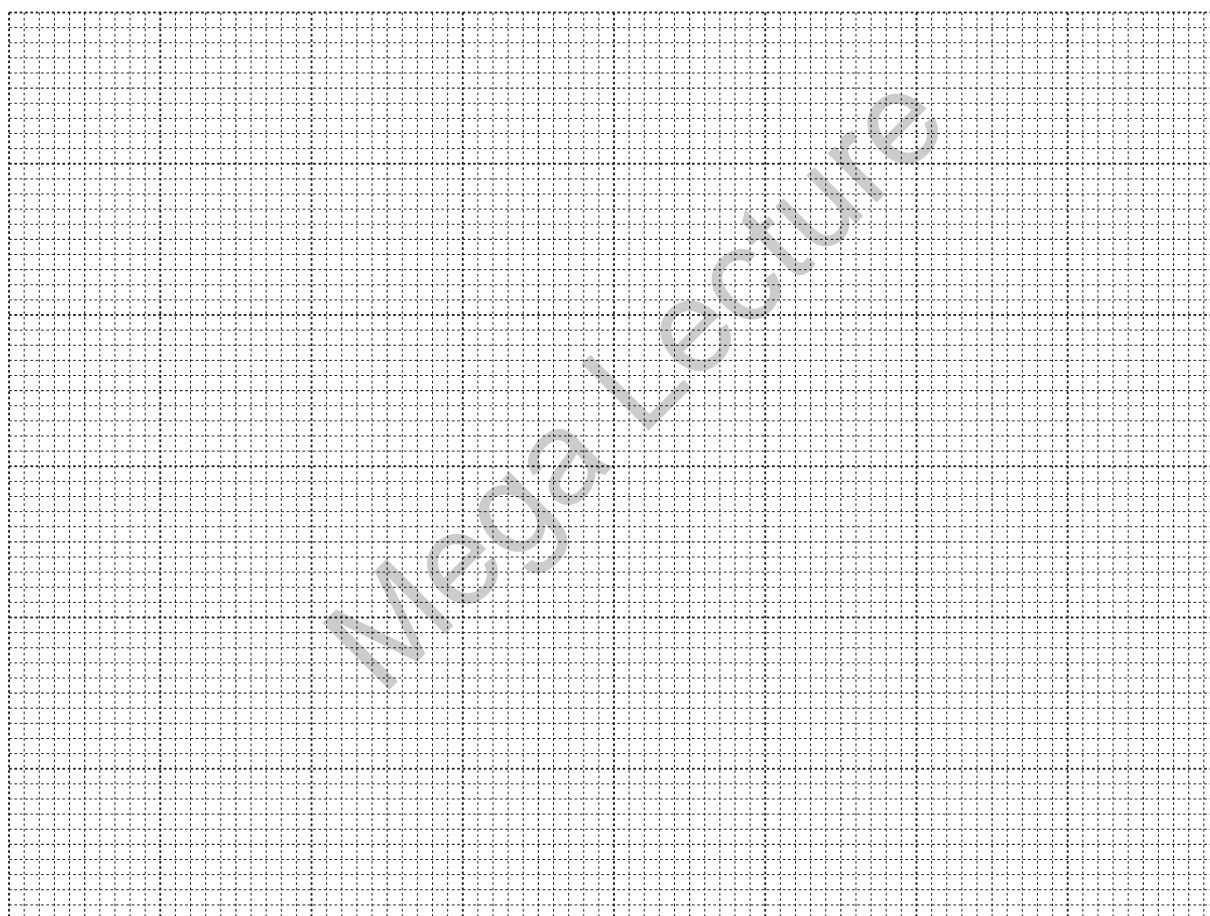
$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$		-1	1.5	3	3.5	3	1.5	-1	

(i) Complete the table.

[1]

(ii) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal  $x$ -axis for  $-3 \leq x \leq 5$ .  
Using a scale of 1 cm to 1 unit, draw a vertical  $y$ -axis for  $-5 \leq y \leq 5$ .

Draw the graph of  $y = 3 + x - \frac{x^2}{2}$  for  $-3 \leq x \leq 5$ .



[3]

(iii) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at (3, 1.5).

Answer ..... [2]

(iv) The points of intersection of the graph of  $y = 3 + x - \frac{x^2}{2}$  and the line  $y = k$  are the solutions of the equation  $10 + 2x - x^2 = 0$ .

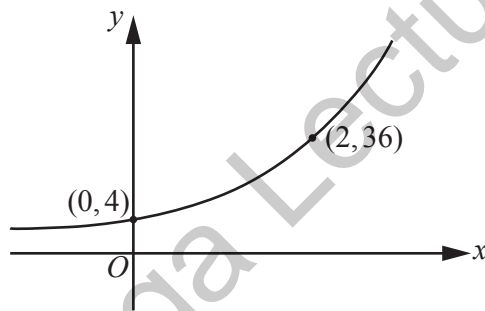
(a) Find the value of  $k$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(b) By drawing the line  $y = k$  on your graph, find the solutions of the equation  $10 + 2x - x^2 = 0$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(b) This is a sketch of the graph of  $y = pa^x$ , where  $a > 0$ . The graph passes through the points  $(0, 4)$  and  $(2, 36)$ .



(i) Write down the value of  $p$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(ii) Find the value of  $a$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(iii) The graph passes through the point  $(4, q)$ .

Find the value of  $q$ .

Answer ..... [1]

14 A random number,  $x$ , is generated, where  $x$  is any real number.

- (a) Manuel adds 2 to  $x$ .  
He subtracts  $x$  from 10.  
Manuel then multiplies these two results to give his number,  $y$ .

Show that  $y = 20 + 8x - x^2$ .

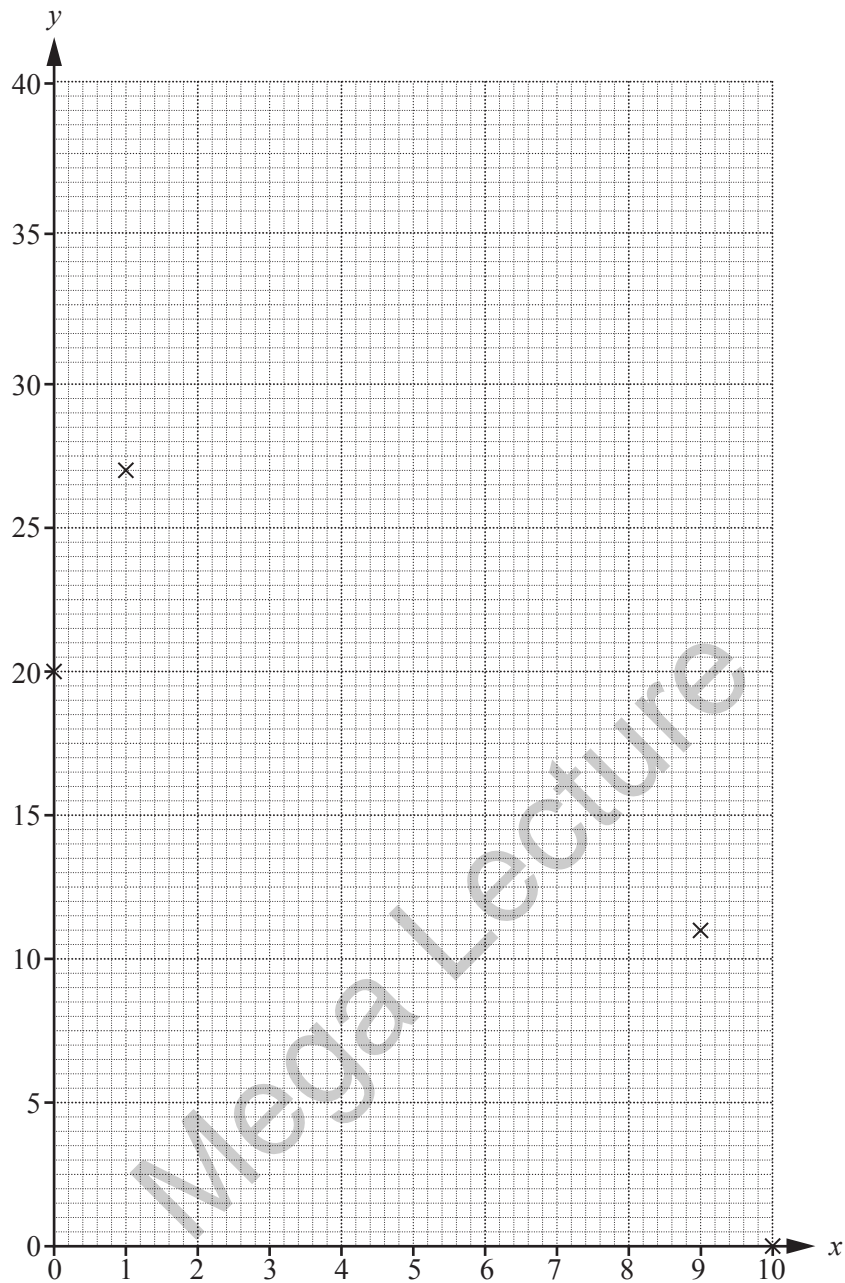
[2]

- (b) On the grid opposite, draw the graph of  $y = 20 + 8x - x^2$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 10$ .  
Four points have been plotted for you.

[4]

- (c) On the same grid, draw a suitable line to find the value of Manuel's number,  $y$ , when it is the same as the random number,  $x$ .

..... [2]



(d) Jolene multiplies the random number,  $x$ , by 5 and then adds 2 to give her number,  $z$ .

**Calculate** the possible values of  $x$  when Manuel's number,  $y$ , and Jolene's number,  $z$ , are the same.

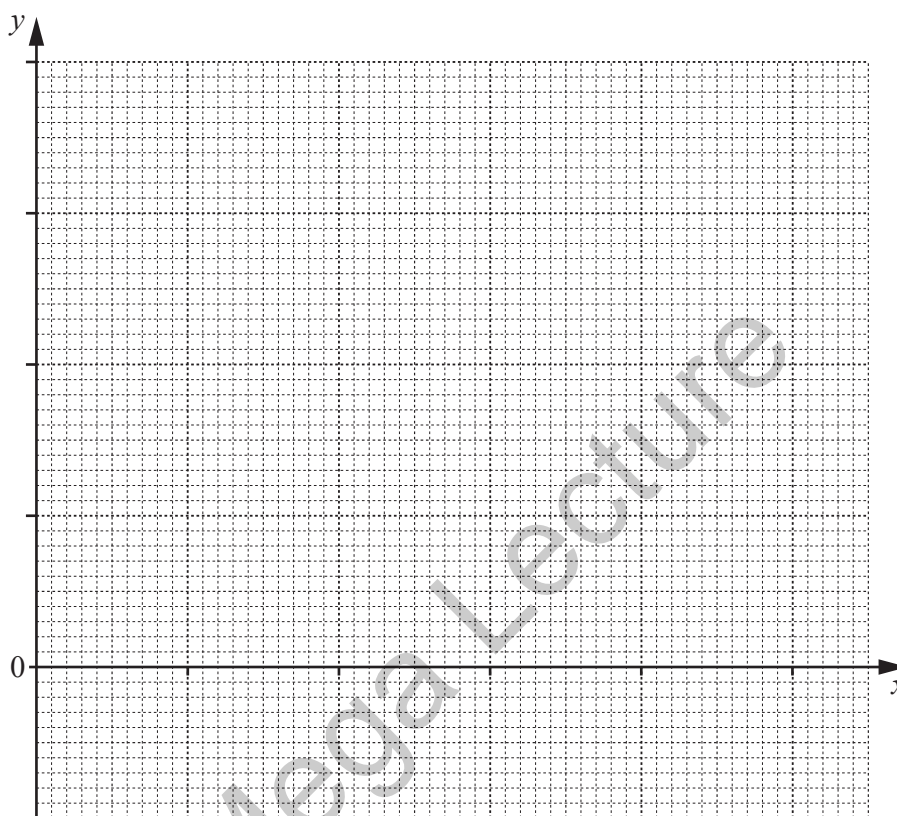
*Answer*  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $\dots\dots\dots$  [4]

15 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = \frac{x}{20}(x^2 - 10)$ .

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	0	-0.45	-0.6	-0.15	1.2	

[1]

(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit on both axes, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x}{20}(x^2 - 10)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ .



[2]

(c) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at the point where  $x = 2.5$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(d) Use your graph to solve the equation  $\frac{x}{20}(x^2 - 10) = 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ .

Answer  $x =$  ..... or ..... [2]

(e) The graph of  $y = \frac{x}{20}(x^2 - 10)$ , together with the graph of a straight line  $L$ , can be used to solve the equation  $x^3 + 10x - 80 = 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ .

(i) Find the equation of line  $L$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(ii) Draw the graph of line  $L$  on the grid. [1]

(iii) Hence solve the equation  $x^3 + 10x - 80 = 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ .

Answer  $x =$  ..... [1]

Mega Lecture



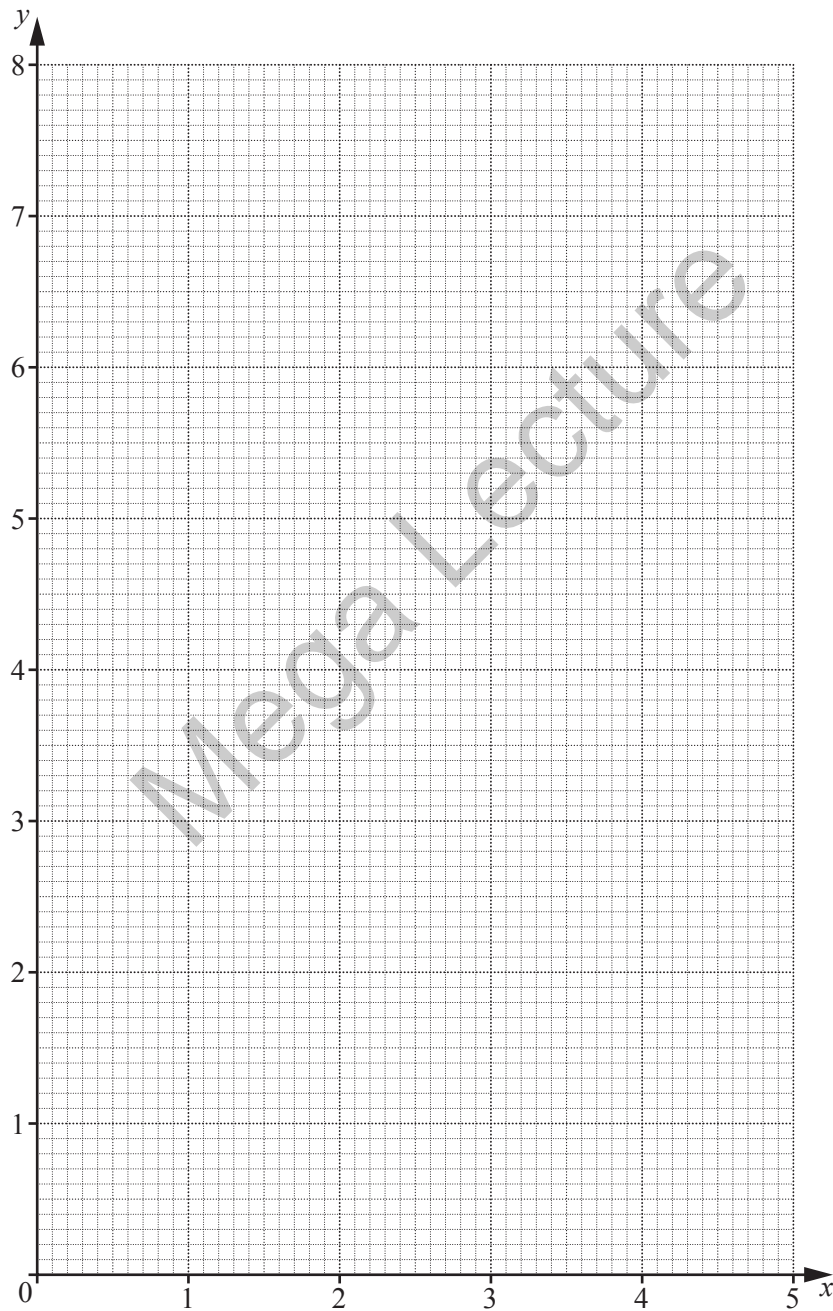
16 The table below shows some values of  $x$  and the corresponding values of  $y$  for  $y = \frac{1}{4} \times 2^x$ .

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	$\frac{1}{4}$		1	2	4	8

(a) Complete the table.

[1]

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{4} \times 2^x$ .



[2]

(c) By drawing a suitable line, find the gradient of your graph where  $x = 4$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(d) (i) Show that the line  $2x + y = 6$ , together with the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{4} \times 2^x$ , can be used to solve the equation

$$2^x + 8x - 24 = 0.$$

[1]

(ii) Hence solve  $2^x + 8x - 24 = 0$ .

Answer  $x =$  ..... [2]

(e) The points  $P$  and  $Q$  are  $(2, 3)$  and  $(5, 4)$  respectively.

(i) Find the gradient of  $PQ$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(ii) On the grid, draw the line  $l$ , parallel to  $PQ$ , that touches the curve  $y = \frac{1}{4} \times 2^x$ . [1]

(iii) Write down the equation of  $l$ .

Answer ..... [2]

17 The distance,  $d$  metres, of a moving object from an observer after  $t$  minutes is given by

$$d = t^2 + \frac{48}{t} - 20.$$

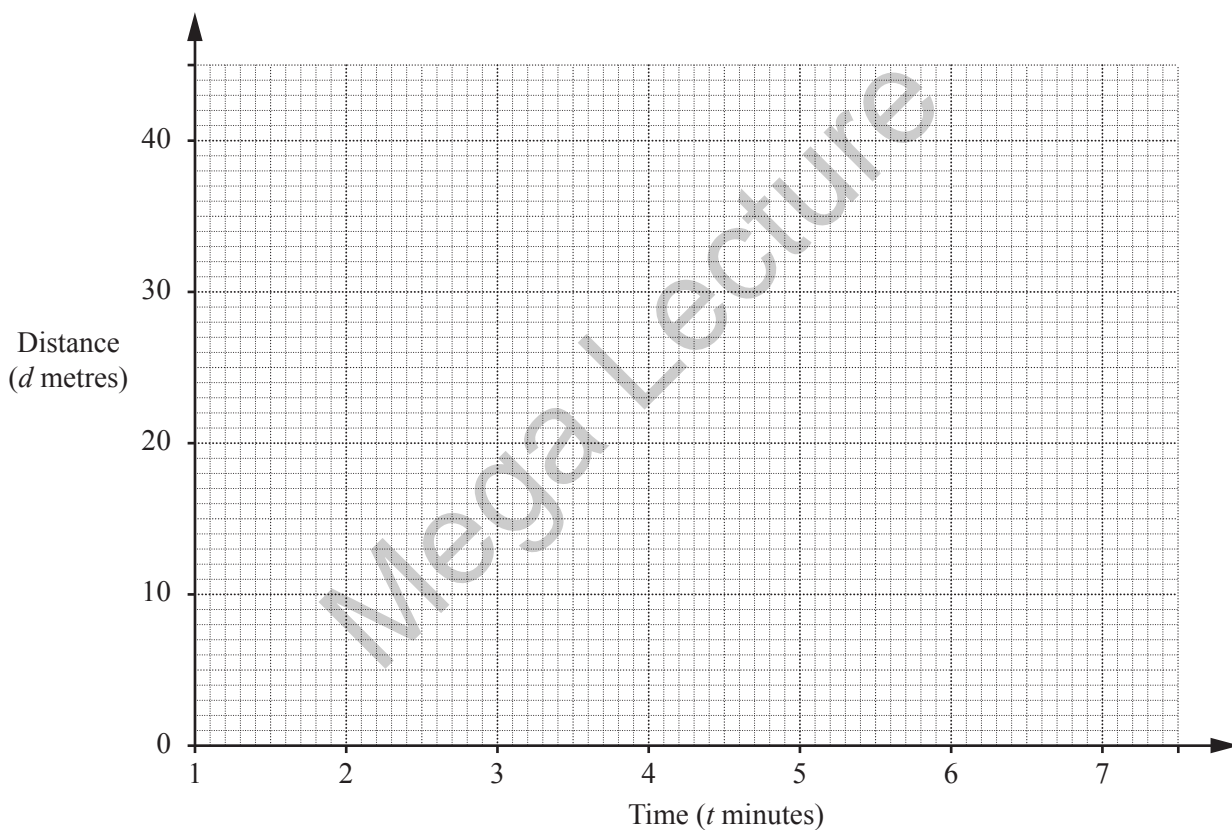
- (a) Some values of  $t$  and  $d$  are given in the table.  
The values of  $d$  are given to the nearest whole number where appropriate.

$t$	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6	7
$d$	29	14	8	5	5	6	8	11	15	24	

Complete the table.

[1]

- (b) On the grid, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.



[2]

- (c) (i) By drawing a tangent, calculate the gradient of the curve when  $t = 4$ .

Answer .....

[2]

- (ii) Explain what this gradient represents.

Answer .....

[1]

(d) For how long is the object less than 10 metres from the observer?

*Answer* ..... minutes [2]

(e) (i) Using your graph, write down the two values of  $t$  when the object is 12 metres from the observer.

For each value of  $t$ , state whether the object is moving towards or away from the observer.

*Answer* When  $t = \dots\dots\dots$ , the object is moving ..... the observer.

When  $t = \dots\dots\dots$ , the object is moving ..... the observer. [2]

(ii) Write down the equation that gives the values of  $t$  when the object is 12 metres from the observer.

*Answer* ..... [1]

(iii) This equation is equivalent to  $t^3 + At + 48 = 0$ .

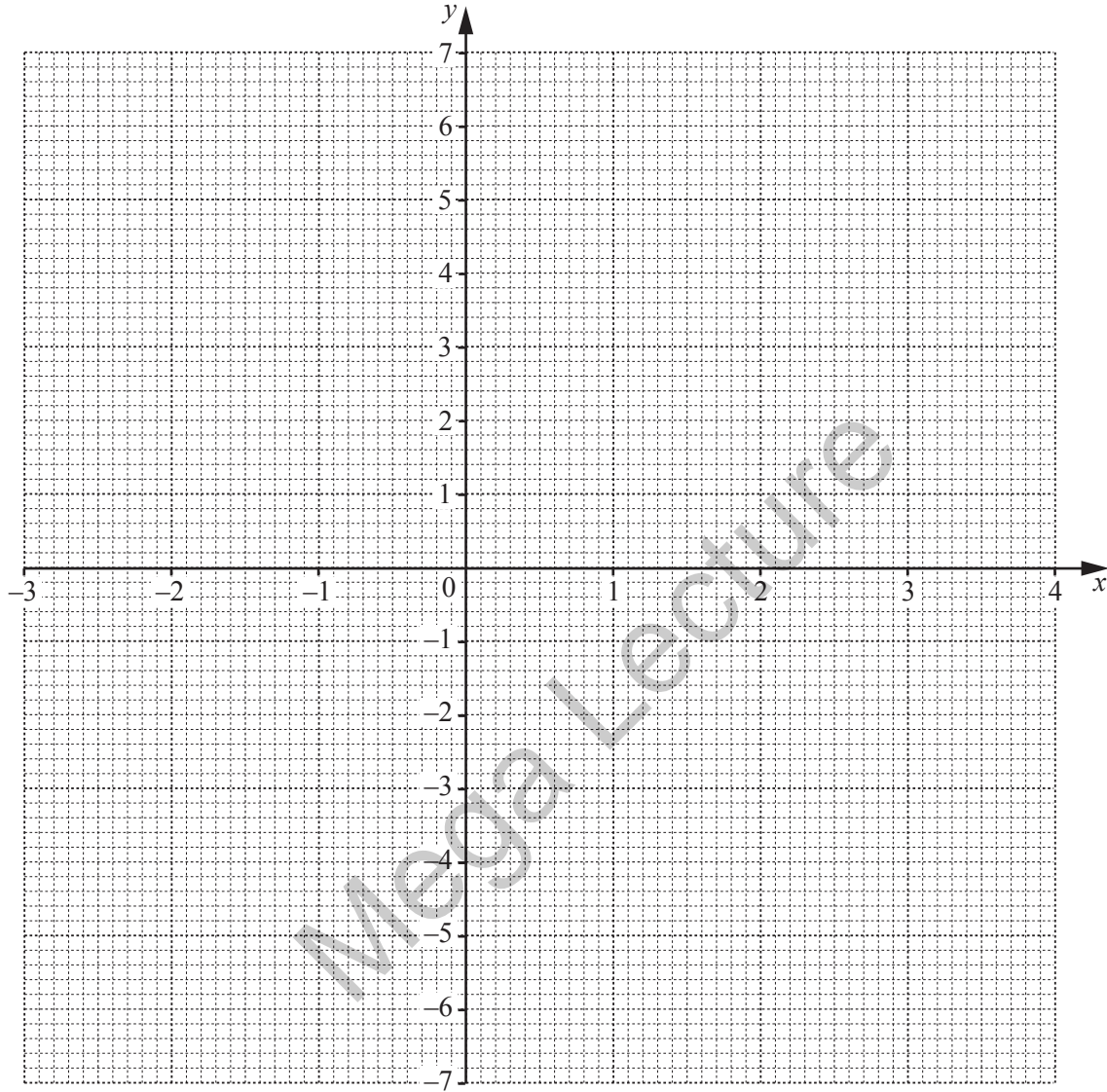
Find  $A$ .

*Answer*  $A = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]

18

(i) Complete the table of values for  $y = 6 + x - x^2$ , and hence draw the graph of  $y = 6 + x - x^2$  on the grid opposite.

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$	-6	0		6	6		0	-6



[3]

(ii) Use your graph to estimate the maximum value of  $6 + x - x^2$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(iii) By drawing the line  $x + y = 4$ , find the approximate solutions to the equation

$$2 + 2x - x^2 = 0.$$

Answer  $x =$  ..... or ..... [2]

(iv) The equation  $x - x^2 = k$  has a solution  $x = 3.5$ .

By drawing a suitable line on the grid, find the other solution.  
Label your line with the letter  $L$ .

19 The table below is for  $y = x^2 - 4x - 1$ .

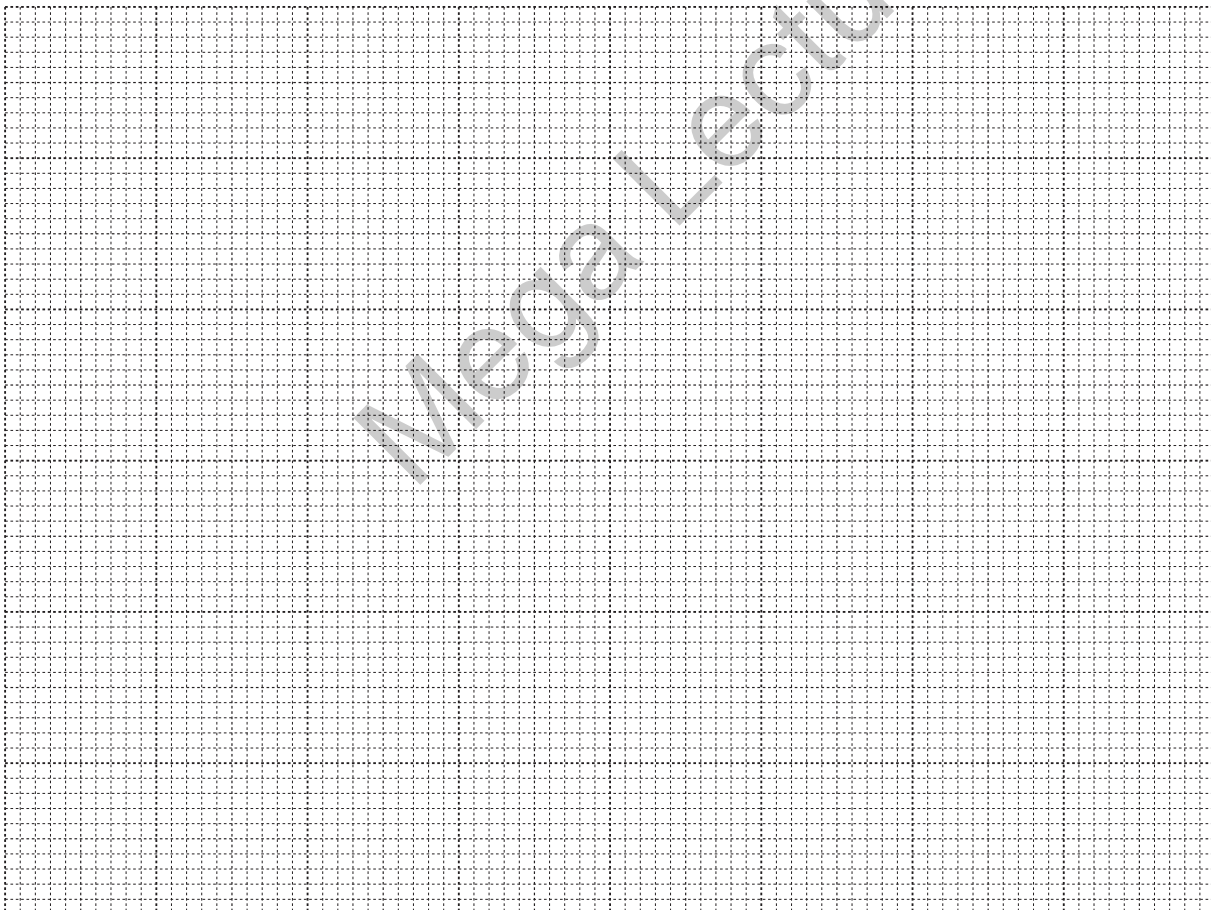
Answer ..... [2]

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$y$		4	-1	-4	-5	-4	-1	4	

(a) Complete the table.

[1]

(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal  $x$ -axis for  $-2 \leq x \leq 6$ .  
Using a scale of 2 cm to 5 units, draw a vertical  $y$ -axis for  $-10 \leq y \leq 15$ .  
Plot the points from the table and join them with a smooth curve.



[3]

(c) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at  $x = 3$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(d) (i) Find the least value of  $y$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(ii)  $y \leq 4$  for  $a \leq x \leq b$ .

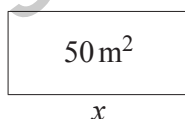
Find the least possible value of  $a$  and the greatest possible value of  $b$ .

Answer  $a$  .....

$b$  ..... [2]

(e) **Use your graph** to solve the equation  $x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0$ .  
Show your working to explain how you used your graph.

20 Adil wants to fence off some land as an enclosure for his chickens.  
The enclosure will be a rectangle with an area of  $50 \text{ m}^2$ .



(a) The enclosure is  $x$  m long.

Show that the total length of fencing,  $L$  m, required for the enclosure is given by

$$L = 2x + \frac{100}{x}.$$

[2]

- (b) The table below shows some values of  $x$  and the corresponding values of  $L$ , correct to one decimal place where appropriate, for  $L = 2x + \frac{100}{x}$ .

$x$	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
$L$	54	33	28.7	28.5	30	32.3	35.1	38.3		

Complete the table. [2]

- (c) On the grid opposite draw a horizontal  $x$ -axis for  $0 \leq x \leq 20$  using a scale of 1 cm to represent 2 m and a vertical  $L$ -axis for  $0 \leq L \leq 60$  using a scale of 2 cm to represent 10 m.

On the grid, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]

- (d) Adil only has 40 m of fencing.

Use your graph to find the range of values of  $x$  that he can choose.

*Answer* .....  $\leq x \leq$  ..... [2]

- (e) (i) Find the minimum length of fencing Adil could use for the enclosure.

*Answer* ..... m [1]

- (ii) Find the length and width of the enclosure using this minimum length of fencing. Give your answers correct to the nearest metre.

*Answer* Length = ..... m Width = ..... m [1]



- (f) Suggest a suitable length and width for an enclosure of area  $100\text{ m}^2$ , that uses the minimum possible length of fencing.

*Answer* Length = ..... m Width = ..... m [1]

