



Circular Flow of Income as a model that explains how money/ income circulates in an economy.

In macroeconomics we divide the economy in four categories:

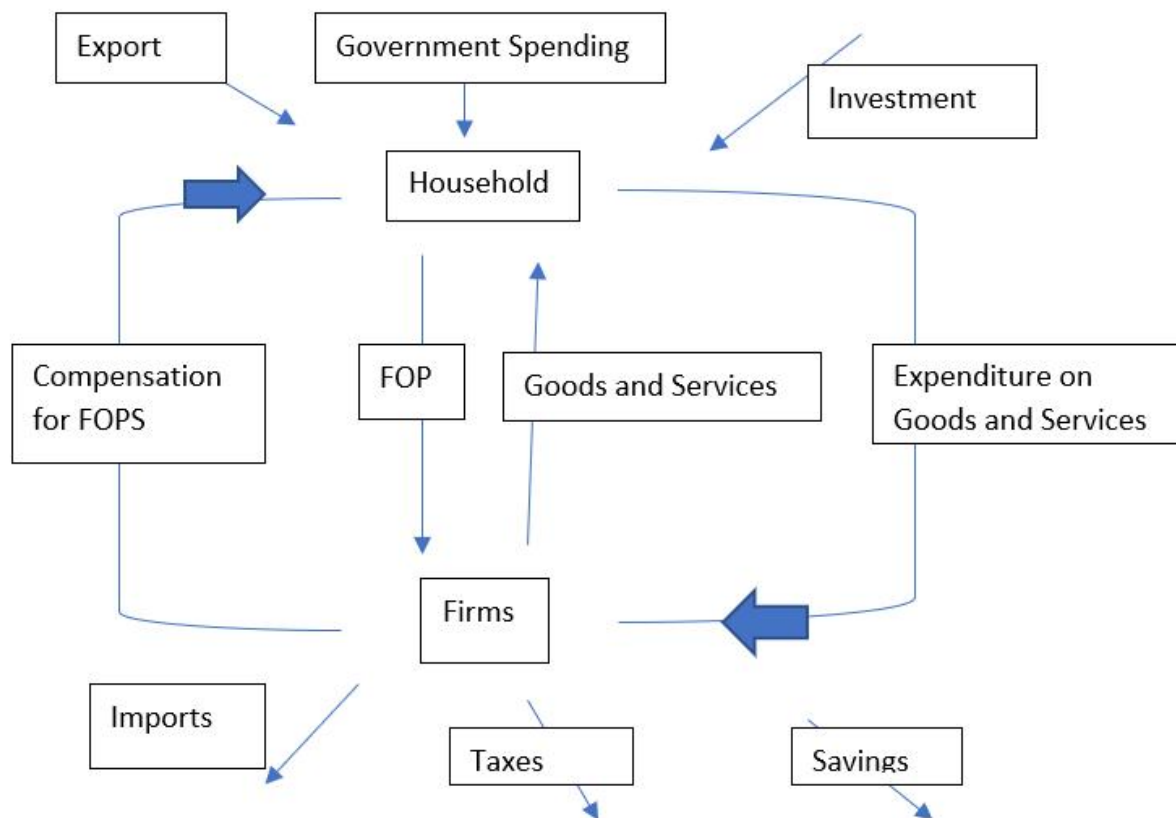
- a. **Households:** individuals living in homes who are consumers and provide factors of production for economic activity
- b. **Firms:** corporations and businesses that use the factors of production provided by households to produce goods and services.
- c. **Government:** government is a facilitator making sure all economic activity takes place smoothly and no group is being oppressed
- d. **International Trade:** all individuals and businesses based out of our country with whom your businesses interact to buy and sell products are classified as international trade

**Leakages / Withdrawal:** are outflows of money / finance from the economy.

1. Taxes
2. Imports
3. Savings

**Injections:** is some additional inflow of money / finance in the economy.

1. Government Expenditure
2. Exports
3. Investment



Circular flow of income helps us to understand the Keynesian Cross Model.

**The Keynesian Cross Model is a model that predicts the value of a country's GDP.** The Keynesian Cross is a more advanced version of Macroeconomic Equilibrium which says that a country's GDP is determined through the intersection of its AD and AS.

### **Keynesian Cross Model**

AD: aggregate demand is the total demand for all goods and services in the economy based on different general price levels. It is made up of the following components.

- a. Consumption
- b. Investment
- c. Government Spending
- d. Exports
- e. Imports

$$AD = C + I + G + X - M$$

**Aggregate Expenditure:** is total demand for all goods and services of the economy based on different income levels. It is also made up of the following 5 components which AD has:

- a. Consumption
- b. Investment
- c. Government Spending
- d. Exports
- e. Imports

1. **Consumption Function:** is an equation that lists variables that affect a country's consumption level.
2. **Investment Function:** is an equation that lists variables that affect a country's investment level.
3. **Government Spending Function:** is an equation that lists variables that affect the country's government spending level.
4. **Export Function:**
5. **Import Function:**

MEGA LECTURE