

Topic 12 Exercise 3 - Buffer solutions

1. a) What is meant by the term "buffer solution"?

b) Calculate the pH of a buffer solution which contains the weak monoprotic acid, propanoic acid (CH₃CH₂COOH), in concentration 0.1 moldm⁻³ and sodium propanoate in concentration 0.05 moldm⁻³. K_a of propanoic acid is 1.26×10^{-5} moldm⁻³.

c) Give equations to show how the above solution fulfills its buffer function.

d) Calculate the pH of the solution after 0.01 moles of NaOH are added to 500 cm^3 of the solution.

e) Calculate the pH of the solution after 0.01 moles of HCl are added to 500 cm^3 of the solution.

- f) Calculate the pH after 0.01 moles of NaOH is added to 500 cm^3 of water.
- g) Comment on your answers to (d) and (f).
- 2. a) Calculate the pH of 0.12 moldm⁻³ ethanoic acid ($K_{f} = 1.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ moldm}^{-3}$).

b) Calculate the mass of sodium ethanoate (CH₃COONa) which must be added to 500 cm^3 this solution to give a buffer solution of pH = 4.60.

c) Calculate the pH of this solution after 0.01 moles of HCl are added.

- d) Calculate the pH of this solution after 0.01 moles of NaOH are added.
- 3. Calculate the pH of a buffer which is 0.2 moldm⁻³ with respect to ammonium sulphate and 0.1 moldm⁻³ with respect to ammonia. (K_a of $NH_4^+ = 5.6 \times 10^{-10} \text{ moldm}^{-3}$)
- 4. Methanoic acid HCOOH, has a K_a value of 1.58×10^{-4} moldm⁻³. What ratio of methanoic acid and sodium methanoate would give a buffer of pH = 4?
- 5. a) Calculate the pH of a buffer solution which is 0.1 moldm⁻³ with respect to HCN $(K_a = 4.9 \times 10^{-10} \text{ moldm}^{-3})$ and 0.8 moldm⁻³ with respect to sodium cyanide.
 - b) Calculate the pH after 0.05 moles of HCl are added to 1 dm³ of this buffer.
 - c) Calculate the pH after 0.05 moles of NaOH are added to 1 dm³ of this buffer.
 - d) Calculate the pH after 0.2 moles of NaOH are added to 1 dm^3 of this buffer.

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e) Comment on your answer to (d).