



### Topic 12 Exercise 1 - Bronsted-Lowry theory

1. State whether the following species can behave as an acid, as a base, or both:

- a)  $\text{NH}_4^+$
- b)  $\text{NH}_3$
- c)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$
- d)  $\text{HClO}_4$
- e)  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$
- f)  $\text{NO}_3^-$
- g)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
- h)  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$
- i)  $\text{HSO}_4^-$
- j)  $\text{HNO}_3$
- k)  $\text{HCl}$

2. In each of the following reactants, one of the reactants acts as an acid. Identify it:

- a)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$
- b)  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{HClO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_3\text{COOH}_2^+(\text{aq}) + \text{ClO}_4^-(\text{aq})$
- c)  $\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq}) + \text{HSO}_4^-(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq})$
- d)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

3. Identify the acid-base conjugate pairs in the following reactions:

- a)  $\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq})$
- b)  $\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
- c)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{HNO}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{HSO}_4^-(\text{aq}) + \text{NO}_2^+(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
- d)  $\text{HSO}_4^-(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

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