

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

BIOLOGY 5090/61

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme

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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

; separates marking points

I alternatives

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied

R reject

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A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

Ig ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)

ORA or reverse argument

underline actual word underlined must be used by candidate

+ statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

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Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme

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| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|-----------|---|-------|-------------------|
| 1(a)(i) | axes correct orientation and both axes labelled fully; | 4 | |
| | linear scale for both axes; | | |
| | all 5 points visibly plotted correctly ; | | |
| | plotted points joined with ruled lines and no extrapolation; | | |
| 1(a)(ii) | activity / volume of oxygen produced increases as pH increases; | 3 | 20 |
| | reaches a peak / AW at pH7; | | A neutral for pH7 |
| | then decreases; | ~(| |
| 1(a)(iii) | concentration of hydrogen peroxide; | 2 | |
| | volume of hydrogen peroxide; | | |
| | mass of tissue; | | |
| | surface area of tissue ; | | |

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| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| 1(a)(iv) | use same volume / concentration of hydrogen peroxide each time; | 5 | |
| | idea of using same type / volume / mass / surface area of enzyme / tissue; | | |
| | fresh samples used (at each temperature); | | |
| | different temperatures; | | |
| | range of suitable temperatures stated; | | |
| | method of maintaining temperature; | | A water bath, R direct heating |
| | leave time for flask and contents to come to temperature before measuring begins; | | |
| | measure volume of oxygen produced in (same) given time; | | |
| 1(a)(v) | stated safety precaution; | 2 | |
| | explanation; | | explanation must be linked to safety precaution |
| 1(b)(i) | 60 (°C); | 1 | |
| 1(b)(ii) | breaks down protein (stains); | 2 | |
| | named protein stain e.g. blood / food / milk; | | |
| | not denatured / deactivated by hot water / AW; | | |
| | Total: | 19 | |

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| Question | Answer | | | | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|--|-------------------|--------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2(a) | drawing 35–45 mm diameter ; | | | 4 | | |
| | overall shape and proportions ; | | | | | |
| | nucleus correct shap | oe; | | | | |
| | clear, continuous, smooth (rather than sketchy outline) of cell with no shading, stippling or cross-hatching; | | | | O.C. | |
| 2(b)(i) | P: red blood cell / ery | ythrocyte; | | | 2 | Ò |
| | Q: white blood cell; | | | .0 | A named type of white blood cell | |
| 2(b)(ii) | cell Q has: | | | 1 | | |
| | nucleus present; | | | | | |
| | granular cytoplasm; | | | | | |
| | larger (than cell P); | | | | | |
| 2(c) | feature | cell Q | plant cell | | 2 | award one mark for each correct row |
| | cell wall | absent | present; | | | |
| | nucleus | lobed AW | round / circular; | | | |
| | | The state of the s | 2, | Total: | 9 | |

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| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|-----------|---|-------|--|
| 3(a)(i) | width = 22; | 2 | A ± 1 mm A 2.2 cm |
| | mm; | | A 2.2 CIII |
| 3(a)(ii) | 44 (mm);; | 2 | A 42–46 consistent with (a)(i) correct answer, with no working shown, gains both marks |
| 3(b)(i) | mean width of leaves from shady position = 46.2 (mm); | 2 | |
| | mean width of leaves from sunny position = 32.7 (mm); | | |
| 3(b)(ii) | leaves from a shady position have a higher mean width; | 2 | |
| | leaves from a sunny position have more variable widths; | | |
| 3(b)(iii) | take more leaves / use larger sample ; | 1 | Ig calculate average / mean |
| 3(c) | leaves from shady place have a larger surface / area; | 3 | |
| | to trap more / available light; | | |
| | for <u>photosynthesis</u> ; | | |
| | OR | | |
| | leaves from sunny position have smaller surface / area; | | |
| | lose <u>less</u> water ; | | A less evaporation |
| | due to transpiration; | | |
| | Total: | 12 | |

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