Total MCQs = 200

NUST Past Paper Computer

Time allotted = 3 hours

1.
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 + 2x tan (x-y) = 1 \Rightarrow sin(x-y) =

- A. Ae -x2
- B. Ae^{2x}
- c. Aex2
- D. Ae-2x

2. The center of the circle
$$5x^2 + 5y^2 + 24x + 36y + 10 = 0$$
 is

- A. $\left[\frac{12}{5}, \frac{18}{5}\right]$
- B. $\left[-\frac{12}{5} . \frac{18}{5} \right]$
- C. $\left[\frac{12}{5}, -\frac{18}{5}\right]$
- D. $\left[-\frac{12}{5}, -\frac{18}{5} \right]$

3. If
$$R \rightarrow R^2$$
 and $g R^+ \rightarrow R$ are such that

G (f(x)) =
$$|\sin x|$$
 and f (g(x)) = $(\sin \sqrt{x})^2$, then a possible choice for f and b is

- A. $F(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = \sin \sqrt{x}$
- B. $F(x) = \sin x, g(x) = |x|$
- C. $f(x) = \sin x, g(x) = \sqrt{x}$
- D. $f(g(x)) = (\sin \sqrt{x})^2$

4. If
$$z \to is f: z \to is defined by f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} & if x is even \\ 0 & if x is odd \end{cases}$$
 then f is

- A. onto but not one to one
- B. one to one but not onto
- C. one to one and onto
- D. neither one to one nor onto

5. An equation of the form
$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cx + Fy + G = 0$$
 represents a circle if

- A. A = 0 or B = 0
- B. A = B = 0



- C. A≠B
- D. None of these
- 6. A regular polygon of n sides has 170 diagonals, then n =
 - A. 12
 - B. 17
 - C. 20
 - D. 25
- 7. A committee of 12 members is to be formed from 9 women and 8 men. The number of committees in which the women are in majority is
 - A. 2720
 - B. 2702
 - C. 2270
 - D. 2278
- 8. Circles $(x-7)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 3$ is not concentric to the circle.
 - A. $(x-7)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 3$
 - B. $(x + 7)^2 + (y + 9)^2 = \sqrt{3}$
 - C. $(x + 7)^2 + (y + 9)^2 = 3\sqrt{3}$
 - D. $(x + 7)^2 + (y + 9)^2 = 9$
- 9. $\sum_{k=1}^{x} \sum_{r=0}^{k} 1/3k \, (^{k}C_{r}) =$
 - A. 13
 - B. 2/3
 - C. 1
 - D. 2
- 10. Equations of circle with center (h.k) and radius r is
 - A. $(x-h)^2 + (y+k)^2 = r^2$
 - B. $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$
 - C. $(x + h)^2 + (y + k)^2 = r^2$
 - D. $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$
- 11. $\frac{1}{x(x+1)(x+2)...(x+n)} = \frac{A_0}{x} + \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{A_n}{x=n}$, $0 \le r \le A = A$



- A. $(-1)^r \frac{1r!}{(n-r)!}$
- B. $(-1)^r \frac{1}{r!(n-r)!}$
- C. $\frac{1}{r!(n-r)!}$
- $D.\frac{r}{(n-r)!}$
- $12.1 + \frac{1}{3.2^2} + \frac{1}{5.2^4} + \frac{1}{7.2^0} + \dots =$
 - A. Log²_e
 - B. Log³_e
 - C. Log⁴e
 - D. Log⁵e
- 13. Circle is special use of
 - A. Parabola
 - B. Hyperbola
 - C. Ellipse
 - D. none
- 14. The product of real of the equation

$$|x|$$
 6/5 - 26 | 3/5 - 27 = 0

- A. -3¹⁰
- B. -3¹²
- C. -3^{12/5}
- D. -3^{21/5}
- 15. If a, b, y are the roots of the equation $x+^3 + px^2 + qx + r = 0$ then the coefficient of x in the cubic equation whose roots are a (B + y), B, (y + a) and y (a + B) is
 - A. 2_q
 - B. $Q^2 + pr$
 - C. $P^2 qr$
 - D. r(pq r)



- 16. The extremities of the transverse axis of hyperbola are called its
 - A. foci
 - B. vertices
 - C. axis
 - D. none

17. A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} i & -i \\ -i & i \end{bmatrix}$$
, B= $\begin{bmatrix} i & -i \\ -i & i \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow A^8$

- A. 4B
- B. 8B
- C. 64B
- D. 128B
- 18. Parametric equations of circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^+$ are
 - A. $X = r \cos \theta$, $y = \sin \theta$
 - B. $X = r \sec \theta$, $y = r \tan \theta$
 - C. $X = r \cosh \theta$, ysin θ
 - D. $X = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sec \theta$
- 19. Equation of circle with center at origin and radius $\sqrt{5}$ is

A.
$$X^2 + y^2 = \sqrt{5}$$

B.
$$X^2 + y^2 = 5$$

C.
$$X^2 + y^2 = 25$$

D.
$$(x-e)^2 + y^2 = 5$$

20. If a, b, c, d \in R are such that $a^2 + b^2 = 4$ and $c^2 + d^2 = 2$ and if $(a+ib)^2 = (c+id)^2$ (x+iy) then $x^2 + b^2 = 4$ and $a^2 + b^2$

$$y^2 =$$

- A. 4
- B. 3
- C. 2

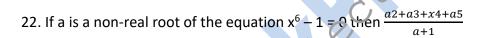
D. 1

21. If z is complex number such that

 $\left|z-\frac{4}{z}\right|=2$, then the greatest value of $\left|z\right|$ is

A.
$$1+\sqrt{2}$$

- B. $\sqrt{2}$
- C. $\sqrt{23}$
- D. $1 + \sqrt{5}$



- A. a
- B. 1
- C. 0
- D. -1
- 23. The minimum value of $27 \tan^2 \theta + 3 \cot^2 \theta$ is
 - A. 15
 - B. 18
 - C. 24
 - D. 30

24.
$$\cos 36^{\circ} - \cos 72^{\circ} =$$

- A. 1
- B. 1/2
- C. 1/4
- D. 1/8



- 25. Tan x + tan (x + $\pi/3$) + tan (x + $2\pi/3$) = 3 \Rightarrow tan 3x =
 - A. 3
 - B. 2
 - C. 1
 - D. 0
- 26. $3\sin x + 4\cos x = 5 \Rightarrow 6\tan x/2 9\tan^2 x/2 =$
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. 3
 - D. 4
- 27. If $\frac{1}{2} \le x \le 1$ then $\cos 1(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3-3}x^2) = 1$
 - A. $\frac{\pi}{6}$
 - B. $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 - C. *π*
 - D. 0
- 28. If a, b, c form a geometric

Progress with common ratio r, then the sum of the ordinates of the points of intersection of the line $ax + 2y^2 = 0$ is

- A. $-r^2/2$
- B. -r/2
- C. r/2
- D. r
- 29. The point (3.2) undergoes the following three transformations in the order given reflection about the line y = x translation by the distance 1 unit in the positive direction of x-axis rotation by an angle $\frac{\pi}{4}$ about the origin in the anticlockwise direction.

Then the final position of the point is

A. $(-\sqrt{18}, \sqrt{18})$



- B. (-2, 3)
- C. $(0\sqrt{18})$
- D. $3\sqrt{2}$
- 30. If x is a poission variate such that a = p(x=1) = p(x=2) then p(x=4) =
 - A. 2a
 - B. a/3
 - c. ae-2
 - D. ae²
- 31. Suppose x follows binomial distribution with parameters n and p where $0 . If <math>\frac{p(x=r)}{p(x=n-r)}$ is independent of n for every r, then p =
 - A. 1/2
 - B. 1/3
 - C. 1/4
 - D. 1/8
- 32. In an entrance test three are multiple choice questions. There are four possible answers to each questions, or which one is correct. The probability that a student knows the answer to a question is 9/10. If he gets the correct answer to a question, then the probability that he was guessing is
 - A. 37/40
 - B. 1/37
 - C. 36/37
 - D. 1/8
- 33. There are four machines and it is known that exactly two of them are faulty. They are tested on by one, in a random order till both the faulty machines are identified. Then the probability that only two tests are needed is
 - A. 1/3
 - B. 1/6
 - C. 1/2
 - D. 1/4
- 34. A fair coin is tossed 100 times. The probability of getting tails an odd number of times is
 - A. 1/2



- B. 1/4
- C. 1/8
- D. 3/8
- 35. The radius of the circle

$$X^2 + y^2 2gx + 2 fy + c = 0 is$$

- A. $\sqrt{g^2 + f^2 + c}$
- B. $\sqrt{g^2 f^2 c}$
- C. $\sqrt{g^2 + f^2} c$
- D. $g^2 + f^2 c$
- 36. Let a, b and c be three non-coplanar vectors and let p, q and r be the vectors defined by

$$P = \frac{b \times c}{[abc]}, q = \frac{c \times a}{[abc]}, r = \frac{a \times b}{[abc]}, then (a +b), p(b + c), q(c + a) r =$$

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- 37. Let

$$a = i + 2j + k$$
, $b = l - j + k$, $c = lj - k$.

A vector in the plane of a and b has projection $1/\sqrt{3}$ on c. then, one such vector is

- A. 4i + j 4k
- B. 3i + j ek
- C. 4i j + 4k
- D. 2i + j 2k
- 38. The point if intersection of the lines

$$l_1$$
: $r(t) = (I - 6j + 2k) + 1(I + 2j + k)$

$$I_2$$
: R (u) = (4j + k) + u (2i + j 2k) is



- B. (6,4,7)
- C. (8,8,9)
- D. (10,12,11)
- 39. The vectors AB = 3i 2j + 2k and BC = I 2k

Are the adjacent sides of a parallelogram? The angle between its diagonals is

- A. $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- B. $\frac{\pi}{3} \text{ or } \frac{2\pi}{3}$
- C. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ or $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- D. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ or $\frac{\pi}{6}$

40. If Pth, qth, rth terms of a geometric progression are the positive numbers a,b,c respectively, then the angle between the vectors

 $(\log a^2) I + (\log b^2) j + (\log c^2) k$ and (q-r) I + (r-p) j + (p-q) k is

- A. $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- C. $\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a2} + b2 + c2}$
- D.
- E. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

41. If a,b,y are length of the altitudes of a triangle ABC with area $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$, then

$$\Delta^2/R^2$$
 ($1/a^2 + 1/b^2 + 1/v^2$) =

- A. $\sin^2 A + \sin^2 B + \sin^2 C$
- B. $\cos^2 A + \cos^2 B + \cos^2 C$
- C. $Tan^2 A + tan^2 + B + tan^2 C$
- D. $\cot^2 A + \cot^2 B + \cot^2 C$

42. In an acute-angled triangle, cot B cot C + cot A cot C + cot A cot B =

- A. -1
- B. 0
- C. 1
- D. 2



43. X=
$$\log (1/y + \sqrt{1} + 1/y^2) \Rightarrow y =$$

- A. Tanhx
- B. Cothx
- C. Sechx
- D. Cosechx
- 44. The center of the circle

$$X^2 + Y^2 + 2gx + c = 0$$

- A. (g, f)
- B. (f,g)
- C. (-f,-g)
- D. (-g,-f)
- 45. The equation $x^2 5xy + py^2 3x 8y + 2 = 0$ represents a pair of straight lines. If q is the angle between them, then $\sin q =$
 - A. $1/\sqrt{50}$
 - B. 1/7
 - C. 1/5
 - D. $1/\sqrt{10}$
- 46. The equation of the pair of lines passing through the origin whose sun and product of slopes are respectively the arithmetic mean and geometric mean of 4 and 9 is

A.
$$12x^2 - 13xy + 2y^2 = 0$$

B.
$$12x^2 + 13xy + 2y^2 = 0$$

C.
$$12x^2 - 15xy + 2y^2 = 0$$

D.
$$12x^2 + 15xy - 2y^2 = 0$$

- 47. If the point (1, 2) and (3, 4) lie on the same side of the straight line 3x 5y + a = 0 then a lies in the set
 - A. [7,11]
 - B. R [7,11]
 - C. [7, y]
 - D. [-y, 11]
- 48. If p and q are the perpendicular distances from the origin to the straight lines



Xsec $q - y\cos ecq + y\sin q = a\cos 2q$, then

A.
$$4p^2 + q^2 = a^2$$

B.
$$p^2 + q^2 = a^2$$

C.
$$p^2 + 2q^2 = a^2$$

D.
$$4p^2 + q^2 = 2a^2$$

49. Point (x_1,y_1) lies inside the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$, if

A.
$$X_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c < 0$$

B.
$$X_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c = 0$$

C.
$$X_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c > 0$$

- D. $X_1^2 + y_1^2 = 0$
- 50. The random variable takes the values 1, 2, 3......, m. if $P(X = n) = \frac{1}{2}/m$ to each n, then the variance of X is
 - A. $\frac{(m+1)(2m+1)}{6}$
 - B. $\frac{m2}{12}$
 - C. $\frac{m+1}{12}$
 - D. $\frac{m2+1}{12}$
- 51. A bag contains 2n + 1 coins. It is known that n of these coins have a head on both sides, whereas the remaining n + 1 coins are fair. A coin is picked up at random from the bag and tossed. If the probability that the toss results in a head is 31/24, then n = 1/24, then n = 1/24.
 - A. 10
 - B. 11
 - C. 12
 - D. 13
- 52. Two fair dice are rolled. The probability of the sum of digits on their faces to be greater than or equal to 10 is
 - A. 1/5
 - B. 1/4
 - C. 1/8
 - D. 1/6



- 53. Two numbers are chosen at random from {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8} at a time. The probability that smaller of the two numbers is less than 4 is
 - A. 7/14
 - B. 8/14
 - C. 9/14
 - D. 10/14
- 54. If a and b are two non-zero perpendicular vector then a vector y satisfying equations $a \times y = c$ (c scalar and $a^1 \times y = b$ is
 - A. $| a^2 | (ca (ab))$
 - B. $| a^2 | (ca + (ab))$
 - C. $| 1/a^2 | (ca (ab))$
 - D. $| 1/a^2 | (ca + (ab))$
- 55. The length of the diameter of the circle represented by the equation $2x^2 + 2y^2 8 = 0$, is
 - A. 8
 - B. 4
 - C. 2
 - D. 16
- 56. The shortest distance between lines r = 3i + 5j + 7k + 1 (i+2j+ k
- And r = I j + k + m (7i + 6j + k)
 - A. $16/5\sqrt{5}$
 - B. $26/5\sqrt{5}$
 - C. 36/5√5
 - D. $5\frac{46}{\sqrt{5}}$
- 57. A 0, b 0, c 0, a b =0, b c =0 Ø a c =
 - A. B
 - B. A
 - C. 0
 - D. I+j+k
- 58. P, Q, R and S are four pints with the positions vectors



-3i+4j+3k respectively. Then the line PQ meets the line RQ at the pint.

- A. 3i+4j+3k
- B. -3i+4j+3k
- C. -i+4j+k
- D. I+j+k

59. The circumstance of the circle represented by

 $X^2+2x+1+y^2+2y+1 = 25$ is

- A. 2π
- B. 25π
- C. 10π
- D. 5π

60. A person observes the top of a tower from a point A on the ground. The elevation of the tower from this point is 60° . He moves 60° m in the direction perpendicular to the line joining A and base of the tower. The angle of elevation of the tower from this point is 45° . Then the height of the tower (in meters) is

- A. $60\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- B. $60\sqrt{2}$
- C. $60\sqrt{3}$
- D. $60\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$

61. If in D ABC, $\frac{1}{a+b}$. $\frac{1}{b+c} = \frac{3}{a+b+}$ then the angle C =

- A. 30^{0}
- B. 45⁰
- C. 60°
- D. 90°

62. In any triangle ABC, $r_1r_2 + r_2r_3 + r_3r_1 =$

- A. D^2/r^2
- B. D/r
- C. D^2/r
- $D. D^2$



- 63. Sin q + cos q = $\sin^3 q + \cos^3 q = q \phi p (p^2 3) =$
 - A. Q
 - B. 2q
 - C. -q
 - D. -2q
- 64. If $f(x) = (p-x^n)^{1/n}$, p>0 and n is a positive integer, then f(f(x)) =
 - A. X
 - B. xⁿ
 - C. p^{1/n}
 - D. p⁻ⁿ
- 65. 10 men and 6 women are to be seated in a row so that no two women sit together. The number of ways they can be seated is:
 - A. 11! 10!
 - B. 11! /6! 5!
 - C. 10! 9! /5!
 - D. 11! 10! /5!
- 66. If a point P is outside the circle then from this point we can draw
 - A. One tangent to the circle
 - B. Two tangent to the circle
 - C. Three tangent to the circle
 - D. No tangent to the circle
- 67. If x is small so that x^2 and higher powers can be neglected, then the approximate value for

$$\frac{(1-2x)-1(1-3x)-2}{(1-4x)-3}$$
 |s

- A. 1-4x
- B. 1-3x
- C. 1-4x
- D. 1-5x
- 68. If $g^2 + f^2 c = 0$ then the circle reduces to
 - A. A line
 - B. A point



- C. Two points
- D. None of these
- 69. If the harmonic mean between the roots ($5=\sqrt{2}$) $x^2-bx+(8+2\sqrt{5})=0$ is 4, then the value of b.
 - A. 2
 - B. 3
 - C. $4-\sqrt{5}$
 - D. $4+\sqrt{5}$
- 70. The set of solutions satisfying both $x^2 + 5x + 6^3 0$ and $x^2 + 3x 3 < 0$ is
 - A. (-4,1)
 - B. (-4,-3) JE (-2,1)
 - C. (-4,-3) E (-2,1)
 - D. (-4,-3) E(-2,1)
- 71. If the roots of $x^3 42x^2 + 336x 512 = 0$, are in increasing geometric progression, then its common ratio is
 - A. 2
 - B. 3
 - C. 4
 - D. 6
- 72. If a and b are the roots of the equation $x^2 2x + 4 = 0$, then $a^9 + b^9 =$
 - A. -2⁸
 - B. 2⁹
 - C. -2^{10}
 - D. 2¹⁰
- x+2 x+3 x+5
- 73. x + 4 x + 6 x + 9
 - x + 8 x + 11 x + 15
 - A. $3x^2 + 4x + 5$
 - B. $X^3 + 8x + 2$
 - C. 0
 - D. -2



74. The system of equations 3x + 2y + z = 6, 3x + 4y + 3z = 14, 6x + 10y + 8z = a, has infinite number of solutions, if a =

- A. 8
- B. 12
- C. 23
- D. 36

75. The number of real value of t such that the system of homogeneous equations

$$Tx + (t = 1) y + (t - 1) z = 0$$

$$(t + 1) x + ty + (t + 2) z = 0$$

$$(t-1) x + (t+2) y + tz = 0$$

Has non-trivial solutions, is

- A. 3
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. 4

76.
$$(\frac{1+i}{1-i})^{4+}(\frac{1-i}{1+i})^4 =$$

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 4

77. If a complex number z satisfies $|z^2-1| |z|^2+1$, then z lies on:

- A. The real axis
- B. The imaginary axis
- C. Y=x
- D. A circle

78. The solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx}$ – 2y tan 2x = e^x sex2x is:

- A. Y sin $2x = e^2 + c$
- B. $Y \cos 2x = e^x + c$
- C. $Y = e^x \cos 2x + c$



- D. $Y \cos 2x + e^x = c$
- 79. An integration factor of the equation

 $(1=y=x^2y) dx + (x+x^3) dy = 0 is$

- A. e^x
- B. x^2
- C. 1/x
- D. X
- 80. The approximate value of $\int_1^3 \frac{dx}{2+3x}$ using simpson's rule and dividing the interval [1,3] into two parts is
 - A. 1/3 log (11/5)
 - B. 107/110
 - C. 29/110
 - D. 119/440
- 81. The manifestation of band structure in solids is due to
 - A. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle
 - B. Pauli's exclusion principle
 - C. Bohr's correspondence principle
 - D. Boltzmann's law
- 82. When p-n junction diode is forward biased
 - A. The depletion region is reduced and barrier height is increased
 - B. The depletion region is widened and barrier height is reduced
 - C. Both the depletion region and barrier height reduced
 - D. Both the depletion region and barrier height increased
- 83. Ohm x farad is equivalent to:
 - A. Second
 - B. weber
 - C. Henry
 - D. Tesla
- 84. An angular ring inner and outer radii R_1 and R_2 is rolling without slipping with a uniform angular speed. The ratio of the forces experienced by the two particles situated on the inner and outer parts of the ring, F_1/F_2 is
 - A. R_2/R_1



- B. (R_2/R_1)
- C. 1
- D. R_1/R_2
- 85. A smooth block is released at rest on a 45° incline and then slides a distanced. The time taken slide is n times as much to slide on rough incline than on a smooth incline. The coefficient of friction is
 - A. $\mu_k = 1 \frac{1}{n^2}$
 - B. $\mu_k = \sqrt{1} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 - C. $\mu_s = 1 \frac{1}{n^2}$
 - D. $\mu_{s} = \sqrt{1 \frac{1}{n^{2}}}$
- 86. The upper half of an inclined plane with inclination ϕ is perfectly smooth while the lower half is rough. A bogy starting from rest at the top will again come to rest at the bottom if the coefficient of friction for the lower half is given by
 - A. 2sin **φ**
 - B. 2cos **φ**
 - C. 2tan **φ**
 - D. tan **φ**
- 87. A bullet fired into a fixed target loses half of its velocity after penetrating 3 cm. how much further it will penetrate before coming to rest assuming that it faces constant resistant to motion?
 - A. 3.0cm
 - B. 2.0cm
 - C. 1.5cm
 - D. 1.0cm
- 88. A wire of uniform cross section A, length l and resistance R is cut into two equal pieces. The resistivity of each piece will be
 - A. The same
 - B. One forth
 - C. Double
 - D. One half
- 89. Two metallic conductor have the same value of resistivity. These conductors can be differentiated from the values of their:
 - A. Temperature coefficient
 - B. Resistances
 - C. Conductance
 - D. Conductivity



- 90. When a horse pulls a wagon, the force that causes the horse to move forward is the force
 - A. The ground exerts on him
 - B. The exerts on the ground
 - C. The wagon exerts on him
 - D. He exerts on the wagon
- 91. A particle is moving eastwards with a velocity of 5m/s in 10 seconds the celocity changes to 5m/s northwards. The average acceleration in this time is
 - A. $1/\sqrt{2}$ m /s² towards north-east
 - B. ½ m/s² towards north
 - C. Zero
 - D. $1/\sqrt{2}$ m /s² towards northwest
- 92. A parachutist after bailing out fails 50 m without friction. When parachute opens. It decelerates at 2 m/s². He reaches the ground with speed of 3 m/s. at what height, did he bail out?
 - A. 91m
 - B. 182m
 - C. 293m
 - D. 111m
- 93. A spherical ball of mass 20 kg is stationary at the top of a hiss of height 100m. it rolls down a smooth surface to the ground, then climbs up another hill of height 30 m and finally rolls down to a horizontal base at a height of 20 m above the ground. The velocity attained by the ball is:
 - A. 40m/s
 - B. 20m/s
 - C. 10m/s
 - D. $10\sqrt{30} \, m/s$
- 94. A bogy A of mass M while falling vertically downwards under gravity breaks into two parts; a body B of mass 1/3 and a body C of mass 2/3 M. the center of mass of bodies B and C taken together shifts compared to that of body A towards
 - A. Depends on height of breaking
 - B. Does not shift
 - C. Body C
 - D. Body B
- 95. Moment of inertia of a thin ring or hoop is
 - A. Mr²
 - B. 1/2 mr²



- C. 5/6 mr²
- D. 2/5 mr²
- 96. A particular of mass 0.3kg is subjected to a force F= -kx with k =15 N/m. what will be its initial acceleration if it is released from a point 20 cm away from the origin?
 - A. 3m/s²
 - B. 15m/s²
 - c. 5m/s²
 - D. 10m/s²
- 97. A 20 cm long capillary tube dipped in water. The water rises up to 8 cm. if the entire arrangement is put in a freely falling elevator the length of water column in the capillary tube will be
 - A. 8cm
 - B. 10cm
 - C. 4cm
 - D. 20cm
- 98. If S is stress and Y is young's modules of material of a wire, the energy stored in the wore per unit volume is
 - A. $2S^2v$
 - B. $S^{2}/2y$
 - C. $2y/s^2$
 - D. s/2y
- 99. The metallic wires are laying parallel. If the current in these wires be following in the same direction, the wires will:
 - A. Attract each other
 - B. Repel each other
 - C. Have no force of attraction or repulsion
 - D. Remain stationary
- 100. A body of mas m is accelerated uniformly from rest to a speed v in a time T. the instantaneous power delivered to the body as a function time is given by
- 101. Consider a car moving on a straight road with a speed of 100 m/s. The distance at which car be stops in $[\mu_k = 0.5]$
 - A. 800m



- B. 1000m
- C. 100m
- D. 400m
- 102. The SI unit of magnetic flux is weber which is equal to:
 - A. NmA⁻¹
 - B. Nm² A⁻¹
 - C. NAm⁻¹
 - D. NmA⁻²
- 103. The change in the value of g at a height h above the surface of the earth is the same as at a depth d below the surface of earth. When both d and h are much smaller than the radius of earth, then which one of the following is correct?
 - A. d = h/2
 - B. d = 34/2
 - C. d = 2hD
 - D. d = h
- 104. An electron and proton are projected with same velocity normal to magnetic field which one will suffer greater deflection?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Electron
 - C. Both will suffer greater deflection
 - D. None of these
- 105. A gaseous mixture consists of 16kg of helium and 16kg of oxygen. The ratio C/C_v of the mixture is
 - A. 1.59
 - B. 1.62
 - C. 1.4
 - D. 1.54
- 106. The intensity of gamma radiation from a given source is I. on passing through 36 mm of lead, it reduced to 1/8. The thickness of lead which will reduces the intensity to ½ will be
 - A. 6mm
 - B. 9mm
 - C. 18mm
 - D. 12mm



- 107. The motional e.m. f depends upon
 - A. Strength of magnetic field
 - B. Length of conductor
 - C. Speed of conductor
 - D. All of these
- A photocell is illuminated by a small bright source placed 1m away. When the same 108. source of light is placed ½ m away, the number of electrons emitted by photo cathode would
 - A. Decreased by factor of 4
 - B. Increased by factor of 4
 - C. Decreased by factor of 2
 - D. Increased by factor of 2
- $\frac{voltxsecond}{ampere}$ is equal to 109.
 - A. Gauss
 - B. Weber
 - C. Henry
 - D. Tesla
- If radius of $\frac{24}{13}$ Al nucleus is estimated to be 3.6 Fermi the radius $\frac{125}{52}$ Te nucleus is nearly 110.
 - A. 6 Fermi
 - B. 8 Fermi
 - C. 4 Fermi
 - D. 5 Fermi
- 111. The function sin²(wt) represents
 - A. A periodic, but not simple harmonic motion with a period $2\pi \omega$
 - B. A periodic, but not simple harmonic motion with a period $\pi~\omega$
 - C. A simple harmonic motion with a period $2\pi/\omega$
 - D. A simple harmonic motion with a period $\pi \omega$
- 112. A young's double slit experiment uses a monochromatic source. The shape of the interference fringes formed on a screen is



- A. Hyperbola
- B. circle
- C. Straight line
- D. Parabola
- 113. The counter torque produced in the moving coil of generator is called:
 - A. Restoring torque
 - B. Deflection torque
 - C. Back motor effect
 - D. All of these
- 114. A fish looking up through the water see the outside world contained in a circular horizon. If the reflective index of water is 4/3 and the fish is 12cm below the surface, the radius if this circle in cm is
 - A. $36\sqrt{7}$
 - B. $36/\sqrt{7}$
 - C. $36\sqrt{5}$
 - D. $4\sqrt{5}$
- 115. Two points white dots are 1 mm apart on a black paper. They are viewed by eye of pupil diameter 3 mm approximately. What is the reaximum distance at which these dots can be resolved by the eye? [take wavelength of light = 500 nm]
 - A. 5m
 - B. 1m
 - C. 6m
 - D. 3m
- 116. When U²³⁵ is hombarded with one neutron the fission course and the products are tree neutrons, ₃₆kr⁹⁴
 - A. ₅₃|142
 - B. 56Ba¹³⁹
 - C. 58Ce¹³⁹
 - D. ₅₄Xe¹³⁹
- 117. The inductive reactance of the coil having inductance of 0.5 henry in which AC of 50 Hz flows is:



- Α. 94.2Ώ
- B. 1.57 Ώ
- C. 157 Ώ
- D. 9.42 Ώ
- 118. In a common base amplifier, the phase difference between the input single voltage and output voltage is
 - A. $\pi/4$
 - Β. π
 - C. 0
 - D. $\pi/2$
- In a full wave rectifier circuit operating from 50Hz mains frequency, the fundamental frequency in the ripple would be
 - A. 50 Hz
 - B. 25 Hz
 - C. 100 Hz
 - D. 70.7 Hz
- 120. A nuclear transformation is denoted by X (n, a) $_{6}^{7}$ Li, which of the following is the nucleus of element X?
 - A. ¹²C₆
 - B. 5¹⁰B
 - C. 5⁹B
 - D. 4⁹B
- A moving coil galvanometer has 150 equal divisions per mill ampere and voltage 121. sensitivity is 2 divisions per millivolt,. In order that each division reads 1 volt, the resistance in ohms needed to be connected in series with the coil will be
 - A. 10^3
 - B. 10^5
 - C. 99995
 - D. 9995
- 122. In RLC series circuit when the frequency of AC source is very low, the circuit is a / an:
 - A. Resistive circuit
 - B. Capacitive circuit
 - C. Inductive circuit
 - D. Resonant circuit



- 123. Which of the following makes the motion of a perpetual motion machine a physical impossibility?
 - A. First law of thermodynamics
 - B. Second law of thermodynamics
 - C. Third law of thermodynamics
 - D. None of these
- 124. A heater coil is cut into two equal parts and only one part is now used in the heater. The heat generated will now be
 - A. Doubled
 - B. Four times
 - C. One fourth
 - D. Halved
- 125. Two thin long parallel wires separated by a distances carry a current f "I" A in the same direction. They will
 - A. Attract each other with a force of $\mu_0 i/(2\pi d)$
 - B. Repel each other with a force of $\mu_0 i/(2\pi d)$
 - C. Attract each other with a force of $\mu_0 i/(2\pi d^2)$
 - D. Repel each other with a rorce of $\mu_0 i/(2\pi d^2)$
- 126. When a polarized light of intensity 1_0 is incident on a polarizing sheet, the intensity of the light which does not get transmitted is
 - A. $\frac{1}{2}1_0$
 - B. $\frac{1}{4}10$
 - C. Zero
 - D. 1₀
- 127. A parallel plate capacitor is made by stalking n equally spaced plates connected alternatively. If the capacitance between any two adjacent plates in C then the resultant capacitance is



- A. (n-1)C
- B. (n+1)C
- C. C
- D. NC
- 128. When the tuning forks (fork 1 and fork 2) are sounded simultaneously, 4 beats per second are heard. Now, some tape attached on the prong of the fork 2. When the tuning forks are sounded again, 6 beats per second are heard. If the frequency of fork 1 is 200 Hz, then what was the original frequency of fork 2?
 - A. 200 Hz
 - B. 202 Hz
 - C. 19 Hz
 - D. 204 Hz
- 129. The process of combining low frequency signal with high frequency carriers waves is called
 - A. Rectification
 - B. Amplification
 - C. Modulation
 - D. Magnification
- 130. The Bob of a simple pendulum is a spherical hollow ball filled with water. A plugged near the bottom of the oscillation bob gets suddenly unplugged. During observation ,till water is coming, out the time period of oscillation would
 - A. First increase and then decrease to the original value.
 - B. First decrease and then increase to the original value
 - C. Remain unchanged
 - D. Increase towards a saturation value
- 131. An observer moves towards a stationary source of a sound with a velocity one fifth of the velocity of sound. What is the percentage increase in the apparent frequency?
 - A. Zero
 - B. 0.5%
 - C. 5%
 - D. 20%
- 132. The ratio of volumetric strain to volumetric stress is called:
 - A. Compressibility
 - B. Young's modulus
 - C. Bulk's modulus
 - D. Shear's modulus



- 133. Tow concentric coal each of radius is to 2 π are placed at right angles to each other. 3 ampere and 4 ampere are the current following in each coil respectively. The magnetic induction in weber/m² at the center of the coils will be ($\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{WB/A m}$)
 - A. 12×0^{-5}
 - B. 10⁻⁵
 - C. 5×10^{-5}
 - D. 7×10^{-5}
- 134. A coil of inductance 300 MH and resistance 2 Ω is connected to a source of voltage 2V. the current reaches half of its steady state calue in
 - A. 0.05s
 - B. 0.1s
 - C. 0.15s
 - D. 0.3s
- 135. The self-inductance of the motor of an electric fan is 10 h. in order to impart maximum power at 50 Hz. it should be connected to a capacitance of
 - A. 4μ F
 - B. $8 \mu F$
 - C. $1 \mu F$
 - D. 2 μF
- 136. An energy source will supply a constant resistance is
 - A. Equal to the resistance of the load
 - B. Very large as compared to the load resistance
 - C. Zero
 - D. Non-zero but less that the resistance of the load
- 137. A circuit has a resistance of 12 Ω and an impedance of 15 Ω . The power factor of the circuit will be
 - A. 0.8
 - B. 0.4
 - C. 1.5
 - D. 0.125
- 138. The substance which undergoes plastic deformation until it breaks is:
 - A. Ductile substance
 - B. Brittle substance
 - C. Plastic substance
 - D. All of these



- 139. A uniform electric field and a uniform magnetic field are acting along the same direction in a certain region, if an electron is projected along the direction of the fields with a certain velocity the
 - A. Its velocity will decrease
 - B. Its velocity will increase
 - C. It will remain turn towards right of direction of motion
 - D. It will turn towards left of direction of motion
- 140. Which of the following when added as an impurity into the silicon produces n-type semi-conductor?
 - A. P
 - B. Al
 - C. B
 - D. Mg
- 141. The first digital computer built with IC chip known as
 - A. IBM 7090
 - B. Apple-1
 - C. IBM/360
 - D. VAX-790
- 142. Which is the main part of the computer system???
 - A. Moniter
 - B. CPU
 - C. Printer
 - D. Scanner
- 143. A piece of computer hardware that is physically placed between two devices each of which manages data in different ways is called
 - A. Modem
 - B. Interface
 - C. Cluge
 - D. Data bus
- 144. The monitor of the computer is connected to it by
 - A. Cable
 - B. Wire
 - C. Bus
 - D. Modem
- 145. _____ is used for drawing & graphics.
 - A. Photoshop
 - B. Win Word
 - C. Excel



- D. Access
- 146. The function of status register is to
 - A. Transfer data or programs form the input unit to the main memory
 - B. Transfer data or programs from the main memory to the output.
 - C. Check the operation or ALU
 - D. Take data values from RAM through MBR during program execution.
- 147. DOS stand for
 - A. Dual operating system
 - B. Double operating system
 - C. Disk operating system
 - D. Disk operation system
- 148. Four bytes can store any number between
 - A. 0 to 1
 - B. 0 to 255
 - C. 0 to 65535
 - D. 0 to 4.924, 967.295
- 149. One day computer all over the world can talk to each other. Which one of the special accessories is essential for this purpose:
 - A. Keyboard
 - B. Modem
 - C. Scanner
 - D. Fax
- 150. The speed of any communications between any two devices on on Ethernet LAN is
 - A. 10 mbps
 - B. 100mhps
 - C. 1000 Mbps
 - D. 10000mhps
- 151. ISO stand for
 - A. International system organization
 - B. International small organization
 - C. International standards organization
 - D. International supers organization



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152. Most satellites providing points to point service today use frequency _____ bandwidth in the range for transmission from satellite to earth

- A. 3.65 to 6.0Ghz
- B. 4.0'to7.0 GHz
- C. 5.92 to 6.4 GHz
- D. 4.5 to 6.54Ghz

153. MAC stand for

- A. Mass access control
- B. Media access control
- C. Modulator access control
- D. Multiple access control

154. TCP stand for

- A. Terminal control protocol
- B. Telecommunications control protocol
- C. Transmission control protocol
- D. Transport control protocol
- 155. An agreement in which data can be receive or sent simultaneously is called:
 - A. Simples
 - B. Full-duplex
 - C. Half-duplex
 - D. Multi-duplex
- 156. system use very high frequency radio signal to transmit data through space.
 - A. Fiber optics cable
 - B. Microwave
 - C. Co-axial ~able
 - D. fiberglass-cable
- 157. Permission to use computer software on a fixed number of computer in an office is called
 - A. Software licenses
 - B. Site licenses
 - C. Software copyright
 - D. Site copyright
- 158. Easiest way of burning out your computer is
 - A. Poor electricity connection
 - B. Lack of proper grounding for the computer
 - C. Overloading of a power point
 - D. All of the above



- 159. Operating system can do which of the following options?
 - A. It control the hardware
 - B. It provide user an interface to control the computer
 - C. It provide users interface to use the resources of the computer
 - D. All the above
- 160. Folders are containers that arrange the data files and other information in
 - A. A systematic way B.
 - B. For easy access C.
 - C. For easy management
 - D. All of these
- 161. Which of the shortcut key is use to cut off a selected item in the windows environment?
 - A. Ctrl + A
 - B. Ctrl + X
 - C. Ctrl + C
 - D. Ctrl + V
- 1622. In order to set all the items when desktop is active, which of the following short key is used?
 - A. Ctrl + A
 - B. Alt + A
 - C. Shift + Alt + A
 - D. Alt + Ctrl + A
- 163. From the start menu, which of the following work you can do?
 - A. Open recently use documents
 - B. Customize the look and feel of the window
 - C. Hide all files and folder
 - D. All the above
- 164. Desktop has the responsibility for which of the following?
 - A. Enables you to enter internet addresses for the site that open in the default browser.
 - B. For the selection of a program
 - C. Display a button for each item on the desktop
 - D. To contains Links to Internet resources
- 165. Shift + Ctrl + D is used for which of the following purpose?



- A. To change the case or selected text
- B. To format the selected text as all capitals
- C. To underline words only
- D. To double underline text
- 166. Shift + Ctrl + = is used for which of the following purpose?
 - A. To format selected letters as small capital
 - B. To apply subscript format
 - C. To apply superscript format
 - D. To display non printing characters
- 167. When you select entire document, then which of the following key is passed?
 - A. Ctrl +W
 - B. Alt + A
 - C. Ctrl + W
 - D. Alt + A
- 168. Text tool is used for which of the following purpose?
 - A. For typing the text
 - B. Works by pointing and clicking
 - C. To create a arc
 - D. To create a polygon
- 169. Which of the following statement is correct, related with By Type, in order to arrange the listing of the files?
 - A. Sorts in ascending alphabetical order by file type
 - B. Sort in ascending alphanumerical order by file type
 - C. Sort in descending alphabetical order by file type
 - D. Sort in descending alphanumerical order by file type
- 170. To delete file completely with using the recycle bin, which of the following key is pressed?
 - A. Del
 - B. Ctrl + Del
 - C. Alt + Del
 - D. Shift + Del
- 171. That overhead projector _____ thousand rupees.
 - A. Nearly cost sixty
 - B. Cost sixty nearly
 - C. Cost nearly sixty
 - D. Cost sixty nearly



- 172. The lady in the dining room is a _____ woman.
 - A. Extremely pleasant
 - B. Extreme pleasantly
 - C. Extreme pleasant
 - D. Pleasant extremely
- 173. He looks .
 - A. In black handsomely
 - B. Handsomely in black
 - C. Handsome in black
 - D. Black handsomely
- 174. The songs of new age sound _____ me.
 - A. Badly to
 - B. Badly
 - C. Bad
 - D. Bad to
- 175. He appeared ______ began to take the exam.
 - A. Nervous as he
 - B. Nervously when he
 - C. Nervously as he
 - D. None
- 176. ABHOR: DISLIKE:: (Analogy)
 - A. Calcify: Petrify
 - B. Rebuke: Ridicule
 - C. Torture: Discomfort
 - D. Fodder: Cattle
- 177. Argument: Debate:: (Analogy)
 - A. Violence : Peace
 - B. Fight : Contest
 - C. Challenge: opponent
 - D. Doe: stag
- 178. Anger: Insult:: (Analogy)
 - A. Business: Judgment
 - B. Admiration: Happiness
 - C. Conduct: Behavior



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D. Appreciation: Kindness

179. Author: Inventor :: (Analogy)

A. Copyright : Patent

B. Plot: Machine

C. Technology : Gadget

D. Book: Factory

180. ABOLITIONIST: SLAVERY:: (Analogy)

A. Prohibitionist: Liquor

B. Capitalist : Commerce

C. Peace : WarD. Glass : jug

181. ALLURGING (synonym)

- A. Deceptive
- B. Contentious
- C. Sensible
- D. Enticing

182. SOMNABULIST (Synonym)

- A. Sleepwalker
- B. Escapist
- C. Soothsayer
- D. Hypnotist

183. Occult (Antonym)

- A. Intelligible
- B. Crooked
- C. Sectary
- D. Medieval

184. Resolved (Antonym)

- A. Circumnutated
- B. Normalized
- C. Decided
- D. Stable

185. CAPTURE (Antonym)

- A. Confined
- B. Free
- C. Apprehend
- D. Seize



- 186. Before Islam the religion of the majority of the Arab was:
 - A. Shanto Mat
 - B. Jewish
 - C. Idolatrous
 - D. Hinduism
- 187. In Islamic traditions, which of the following does not represent the "people of the book"??
 - A. Jew
 - B. Christian
 - C. Tao
 - D. None of these
- 188. The group of religion was known as Abrahamic include Islam Judasim and:
 - A. Hinduism
 - B. Christianity
 - C. Buddhism
 - D. None of these
- 189. Which of the following religion is not considered monotheistic:
 - A. Islam
 - B. Judaism
 - C. Paganism
 - D. None of these
- 190. In which religion Zoroastrianism has been included:
 - A. Parsi
 - B. Jewish
 - C. Confucianism
 - D. None of these
- 191. In which religion wine is not prohibited:



- A. Christianity
- B. Zoroastrianism
- C. Sikhism
- D. Budhism
- 192. Name the God of the virtue Zoroastrianism:
 - A. Brahma
 - B. Buddha
 - C. Ganesh
 - D. Ormuzd
- 193. The pioneer of the religion Zoroastrianism was:
 - A. Buddha
 - B. Brahma
 - C. Zoroast
 - D. Nowsherwan
- 194. Which is the oldest religion which was based by Hazart Ibrahim (A.S)
 - A. Judaism
 - B. Christianity
 - C. Islam
 - D. Hanfa
- 195. To which the prophet did the Jew's call the son of Allah?
 - A. Hazrat Haroon(A.S)
 - B. Hazrat Essaa (A.S)
 - C. Hazrat Moossaa (A.S)
 - D. Hazrat Oozair (A.S)

