Online Classes : Megalecture@gmail.com CHEMISTRY CALCULATIONS WS 4 Moles & Volume

**1** Consider the following reaction for the synthesis of methanol:

 $CO(g) + 2H_2(g) \rightarrow CH_3OH(g)$ 

- **a.** What volume of  $H_2$  reacts exactly with 2.50 dm<sup>3</sup> of CO?
- **b.** What volume of CH<sub>3</sub>OH is produced?
- **2** a. Calculate the number of moles in 250 cm<sup>3</sup> of  $O_2 @ r.t.p$ .
  - **b.** Calculate the volume of 0.135 mol of  $CO_2 @ r.t.p.$

**3** Calculate the volume of carbon dioxide (@ *r.t.p.*) produced when 10.01 g of calcium carbonate decomposes according to the equation:

 $CaCO_3(s) \rightarrow CaO(s) + CO_2(g)$ 

**4** Potassium chlorate(V) decomposes when heated:

$$2KCIO_3(s) \rightarrow 2KCI(s) + 3O_2(g)$$

What mass of potassium chlorate(V) decomposes to produce 100.0 cm<sup>3</sup> of oxygen gas measured @ *r.t.p*?

**MEGA LECTURE** For Live Online Classes megalecture@gmail.com

www.megalecture.com

## Online Classes : Megalecture@gmail.com

**5** What volume of SO<sub>2</sub> is obtained (measured @ *r.t.p*) when 1.000 kg of As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> is heated in oxygen?

$$2As_2S_3 + 9O_2 \rightarrow 2As_2O_3 + 6SO_2$$

**6** a. Calculate the volume of  $CO_2$  produced when  $100 \text{ cm}^3$  of ethene burns in excess oxygen according to the equation:

 $C_2H_4(g) + 3O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(I)$ 

**b.** Calculate the volume of NO produced when 2.0 dm<sup>3</sup> of oxygen is reacted with excess ammonia according to the equation:

 $4NH_3(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 4NO(g) + 6H_2O(g)$ 

- **7** Determine the number of moles present in each of the following at standard temperature and pressure:
  - **a.**  $0.240 \text{dm}^3 \text{ of } \text{O}_2$  **d.**  $400.0 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ of } \text{N}_2$
  - **b.**  $2.00 \text{dm}^3 \text{ of } \text{CH}_4$  **e.**  $250.0 \text{cm}^3 \text{ of } \text{CO}_2$
  - **c.**  $0.100 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ of } \text{SO}_2$

CEDAR COLLEGE

CHEMISTRY CALCULATIONS WS 4 www.youtube.com/megalecture

## Online Classes : Megalecture@gmail.com

- **8** Work out the volume of each of the following at standard temperature and pressure:
  - **a.** 0.100 mol C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub> **d.** 0.8500 mol NH<sub>3</sub>
  - **b.** 100.0 mol SO<sub>3</sub> **e.** 0.600 mol O<sub>2</sub>
  - **c.** 0.270mol N<sub>2</sub>
- **9** Sodium nitrate(V) decomposes according to the equation:

 $2NaNO_3(s) \rightarrow 2NaNO_2(s) + O_2(g)$ 

Calculate the volume (in  $\text{cm}^3$ ) of oxygen produced (measured @ *r.t.p*) when 0.820 g of sodium nitrate(V) decomposes.

**10** Tin reacts with nitric acid according to the equation:

$$Sn(s) + 4HNO_3(aq) \rightarrow SnO_2(s) + 4NO_2(g) + 2H_2O(l)$$

If 2.50g of tin are reacted with excess nitric acid what volume of NO<sub>2</sub> (in cm<sup>3</sup>) is produced @ r.t.p?

www.megalecture.com

**MEGA LECTURE** For Live Online Classes megalecture@gmail.com

## Online Classes : Megalecture@gmail.com

**11** Calculate the mass of sodium carbonate that must be reacted with excess hydrochloric acid to produce 100.0 cm<sup>3</sup> of CO<sub>2</sub> @ *r.t.p.* 

```
Na_2CO_3(s) + 2HCI(aq) \rightarrow 2NaCI(aq) + CO_2(g) + H_2O(I)
```

**12 a.** Oxygen  $(O_2)$  can be converted to ozone  $(O_3)$  by passing it through a silent electric discharge.

 $3O_2(g) \rightarrow 2O_3(g)$ 

If 300 cm<sup>3</sup> of oxygen is used and 10% of the oxygen is converted to ozone, calculate the total volume of gas present at the end of the experiment.

**b.** Hydrogen reacts with chlorine according to the equation:

 $H_2(g) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow 2HCl(g)$ 

What is the total volume of gas present in the container at the end of the experiment if  $100 \text{ cm}^3$  of hydrogen is reacted with  $200 \text{ cm}^3$  of chlorine?

www.megalecture.com

**MEGA LECTURE** For Live Online Classes megalecture@gmail.com