Dynamics - 2018

1. 9702/11/M/J/18/No.8

The momentum of a car of mass m increases from p_1 to p_2 .

What is the increase in the kinetic energy of the car?

A
$$\frac{(p_2^2-p_1^2)^2}{2m}$$

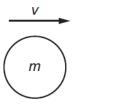
B
$$\frac{(p_2 - p_1)}{2m}$$

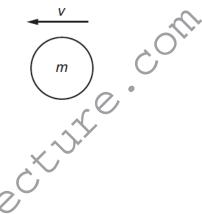
C
$$\frac{p_2-p}{2m}$$

D
$$\frac{p_1 - p_2}{2m}$$

2. 9702/11/M/J/18/No.9

Two similar spheres, each of mass m and travelling with speed v, are moving towards each other.





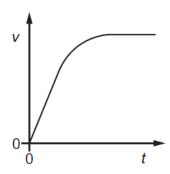
The spheres have a head-on elastic collision.

Which statement is correct?

- A The spheres stick together on impact.
- **B** The total kinetic energy after impact is mv^2 .
- C The total kinetic energy before impact is zero.
- D The total momentum before impact is 2mv.

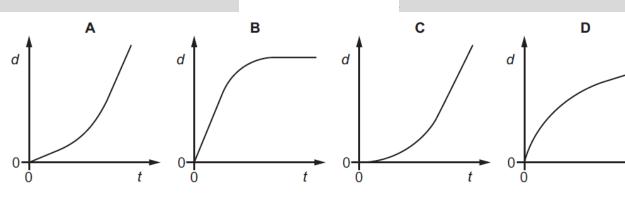
3. 9702/12/M/J/18/No.7

A sky-diver falls vertically from a helicopter and reaches constant (terminal) velocity. The graph shows the variation with time *t* of the speed *v* of the sky-diver.



Which graph shows the variation with time *t* of the distance *d* fallen by the sky-diver?

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9702/12/M/J/18/No.8

A tennis ball of mass $55\,\mathrm{g}$ is travelling horizontally with a speed of $30\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$. The ball makes contact with a wall before rebounding in the horizontal direction with a speed of $20\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$. The ball is in contact with the wall for a time of 5.0×10^{-3} s.

What is the average force exerted on the wall by the ball?

- 110 N
- 220 N
- 330 N
- D 550 N

5. 9702/12/M/J/18/No.9

An elastic collision occurs between two bodies X and Y. The mass of body X is m and the mass of body Y is 4m. Body X travels at speed v before the collision and speed $\frac{3v}{5}$ in the opposite direction after the collision. Body Y is stationary before the collision.



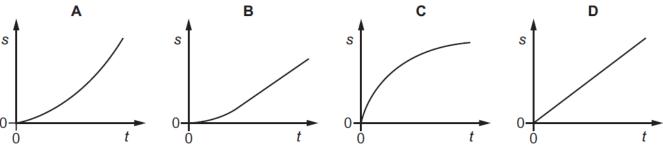
What is the kinetic energy of body Y after the collision?

- **A** $\frac{8}{10}mv^2$ **B** $\frac{34}{50}mv^2$ **C** $\frac{16}{50}mv^2$ **D** $\frac{1}{5}mv^2$

6. 9702/13/M/J/18/No.8

A sky-diver falls from a stationary balloon at time t = 0. As the sky-diver falls, her speed and the air resistance increase until the force of the air resistance is equal to her weight.

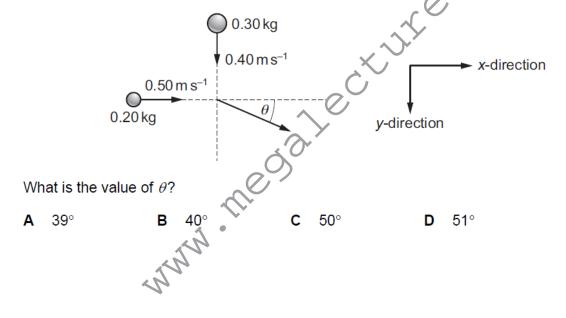
Which graph best shows the variation with time t of the displacement s for the motion of the sky-diver?



7. 9702/13/M/J/18/No.9

A ball of mass $0.20 \,\mathrm{kg}$, travelling in the *x*-direction at a speed of $0.50 \,\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$, collides with a ball of mass $0.30 \,\mathrm{kg}$ travelling in the *y*-direction at a speed of $0.40 \,\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$.

The two balls stick together after the collision, travelling at an angle θ to the x-direction.



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8. 9702/12/F/M/18/No.10

Steel pellets, each with a mass of $0.60\,\mathrm{g}$, fall vertically onto a horizontal plate at a rate of 100 pellets per minute. They strike the plate with a velocity of $5.0\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$ and rebound with a velocity of $4.0\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$.

What is the average force exerted on the plate by the pellets?

A 0.0010 N

B 0.0054 N

C 0.0090 N

D 0.54 N